

# THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. XIII, NO. 22

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1922.

\$2.00 YEARLY

## BUY THE TACKLE

THAT CATCHES THE FISH  
WE HAVE EVERYTHING IN THE  
LINE OF TACKLE REQUIREMENTS,  
EVEN TO FISHING PERMITS.

STEEL RODS FROM \$3.00 UP  
LARGE FISHING BASKETS,  
at each ..... \$5.00  
COOKING KITS (pocket size),  
each ..... \$7.00  
WADERS, per pair ..... \$8.00  
USE ARMY WEDGE TENTS (great value)  
SUITABLE FOR TWO SLEEPERS  
—\$5.00—

WE ALSO HAVE THE RIGHT SUP-  
PLIES FOR THE COMFORT OF THE  
**MOTORIST**  
SUCH AS PARTY LUNCH KITS, LUG-  
GAGE CARRIERS, THERMOS BOTTLES  
LAP RAGS, DUSTER COATS, ETC.  
ALL KINDS OF AUTO ACCESSORIES  
GIVE US A CALL BEFORE STARTING  
FOR YOUR OUTING

**Blairmore Hardware Co.**  
BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

## : The Leading Store :

**FREE!**

**1st Prize**  
25 cakes of  
P.&G. Soap.

**2nd Prize**  
15 cakes of  
P.&G. Soap.

**3rd Prize**  
10 cakes of  
P.&G. Soap.

### Guessing Competition

ARE YOU A GOOD GUESSER?

Guess the number of cakes of P. & G. Soap  
in our window and win a prize.

All we ask you to do is purchase 12 cakes  
of P. & G. Soap for \$1.00 and give us your  
guess

One guess with each dollar's worth of soap.

Competition opens **Saturday morning, Aug. 12th**  
and closes **Saturday night, Aug. 19th**.  
In the event of a tie, prize will be divided.

—P.&G. SOAP, Gold and White Naptha—

**SPECIAL PRICE DURING COMPETITION—12 cakes for ..... \$1.00**

—Fresh Fruits and Vegetables in Season—

**FREE!**

**1st Prize**  
25 cakes of  
P.&G. Soap.

**2nd Prize**  
15 cakes of  
P.&G. Soap.

**3rd Prize**  
10 cakes of  
P.&G. Soap.

### You Can't Deny It—

This is Headquarters for A-1 stock and  
A-1 values in General Dry Goods and  
Clothing.

**SPECIALS**—Showing this week are  
Clearing Lines at Cost Price in Ladies'  
and Children's Ready-to-Wear in Ging-  
ham Dresses, Rompers, Etc.

**DON'T FORGET OUR DISCOUNT OF 5 PER CENT**

**THE F. M. THOMPSON CO.**

Phone 25

Blairmore

Also several clearing lines in Women's  
Shoes and Slippers and Boys' and Girls'  
Shoes.  
See windows for prices, etc.

Ladies' Dresses, from ..... \$1.65  
Girls' Dresses from ..... \$1.25  
Rompers, from ..... 90c  
All Ladies' and Children's Straw Hats  
to clear at Half Price.

### MURDER INQUEST FURTHER ADJOURNED

The inquest into the death of Samuel Gioia, adjourned from August 2nd to August 9th, has been further adjourned to Wednesday next, the 16th. The authorities at Edmonton found upon examination of the stomach contents that an analysis should also be taken of the heart and liver, and in order to secure these the body was examined on Tuesday and these membranes have been forwarded to Edmonton.

Special detectives are at work on the case and it is expected that evidence of a sensational character will be submitted at the inquest proceedings on Wednesday next.

The four children of Mary Gioia were this week taken in charge by a matron from the Department of Dependent and Delinquent Children and escorted to Calgary on Wednesday. Mr. Brooks, of that department, spent a couple of days in Hillcrest in the interest of the children.

No less than twenty-five cottages are in the course of erection in Blairmore at the present time. This with the stores and other buildings going up gives employment to a large number of men.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Minue, of Okotoks, have been renewing old acquaintances through this district, and were the guests for a few days of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Evans, at Coleman. Mr. Minue was at one time connected with the Union Bank staff at Bellevue.

The old log landmark, that has occupied a position near the Hillcrest bridge, has just been removed. The building was one of the first erected in that neighborhood, and while not of very great dimensions, its removal has created a gap that is clearly noticeable to old timers.

### ALBERTA OPERATORS AGREE TO ACCEPT

**KNOWLES AWARD**  
We understand that in a final effort to bring about a settlement of the coal strike in District 18, the Western Canada Coal Operators association on Tuesday advised Premier Herbert Greenfield that they would accept in toto the majority report of the Knowles' board conciliation.

The majority report is:  
"(1) That the war bonus of high cost of living allowance of \$1.15 per day be discontinued.

"(2) That the agreement signed on behalf of the Western Canada Coal Operators association and on behalf of the United Mine Workers of America, District 18, dated June 10, 1920, be returned to as a basis, and the conditions therein recited (with the exception of the closed shop), be continued and that the rates herein set forth be reduced by fifteen per cent."

The board recommends that the above adjustment of wages prevail for a period of two years from April 1, 1922."

This practically amounts to a reduction of twenty-five per cent. of the old scale of wages.

Premier Greenfield had a further conference with the coal operators on Tuesday morning, and the offer now made by the operators is the result of that meeting.

In the course of an interview he expressed satisfaction at the progress that has been made. "I think there is now hope of a settlement," he remarked.

The premier will be officially notified by the operators association by letter of their last offer. It will then remain for the premier to use his good offices with miners' officials to accept this.

It is generally concluded that the offer is all the more generous in view of the state of flux in the United States coal fields.

Most of the miners throughout the district are in favor of accepting the Knowles award and returning to work immediately, and it is thought that work will be resumed in the Pass mines within the next two weeks.

### BLAIRMORE WINS SEMI-FINAL CRAHAN CUP GAME

The semi-final game in the Crahan Cup series was played on the Blairmore athletic grounds last evening, the competing teams being Bellevue and Blairmore.

The game was witnessed by about a thousand spectators and all pronounce it the best exhibition of association football ever seen in The Pass.

These two teams are very evenly matched, as may be concluded from the score last night of 1 to 0 in Blairmore's favor.

As all the players did well, it would not be fair to make particular mention of any.

In the replay of the semi-final between Ferrie and Michel teams on Sunday afternoon, a draw resulted with no score after a full hour and a half's battle. The play was evenly divided and the ensuing free kick was fruitless.

Blairmore now has to await a decision between the two B. C. teams before entering the final.

A Ford car passed through Blairmore a few days ago weighted down with camping equipment. The car had travelled from Los Angeles to Regina, Sask., and was returning. Part of the equipment was a Big Ben clock suspended to the wheelpost by a safety pin.

All the printing offices in this district are busy printing marriage certificates and divorce applications forms to meet the demand expected following resumption of the mining industry through the Crow's Nest Pass. New houses are already going up to accommodate the newly-weds, while others are being torn down to throw off the divorcees.

### DECORATED GRAVES OF CORP. USHER AND CONST. BAILEY

Saturday last was the second anniversary of the shooting affray at Bellevue, in which Corporal Usher, of the R.C.M.P., and Constable Bailey of the A.P.P. met their death at the hands of bandits.

This gun battle, which finally resulted in the deaths of six men, was the sequel to the hold up of a passenger near Sertnek, eight miles west of Blairmore, on the Tuesday evening previous.

On Monday last, the second anni-

versary of the brave fight put up by the police officers, the sad affair was marked by the laying of wreaths on their graves at Macleod. Inspector Bevan, of Lethbridge, accompanied by an officer of the R.C.M.P., and a number of men of both forces, visited the last resting place of the two policemen and paid tribute to their memory.

James Ford, secretary-treasurer of the Town of Coleman, paid a business visit to Calgary during the week.

H. W. Wood has been chosen chairman of the Wheat Board.



### Insure Your Premium

If you will deposit in your savings account each month one-twelfth of your annual insurance premium, it will be easy to pay for your life insurance when due.

Nothing in addition to your savings can mean as much to you in old age, or to your relatives after death, as insurance. Start a savings account now today.

Copy of our booklet "One Dollar Weekly" free on request.

### UNION BANK OF CANADA

Blairmore Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes J. B. Wilson, Manager  
Bellevue Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes S. J. Laney, Acting Manager  
Hillcrest, Sub to Bellevue.



### Kodak as you go

"Barefoot boy with check of tan!"—here he is—you'll meet him afterwards in your Kodak album. With a Kodak you bring the trip back.

Let us show you Kodaks from our complete stock. They're priced as low as \$6.50, and they're all autographic.

### Blairmore Pharmacy

G. N. ELWIN, Pharm. B.  
BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

### New Summer Wear

We have the most up-to-date lines of Mens, Women's and Children's Summer Goods in The Pass.

Come and look over the new lines we are receiving.

We are sure that you will find just what you want.

**SEE OUR WINDOWS**

### Blairmore Trading Co.

The Store With the Good Goods







READ THE LABEL

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

CONTAINS NO ALUM

PRODUCT OF CANADA

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The new ocean terminal at Ogden Point, B.C., was officially opened Aug. 1 for the shipping business offering at the port.

With an army of five thousand "hikers" "General" Frank Riley hopes to march again to Ottawa at the beginning of October.

It is rumored in Jamaica that a disastrous hurricane in Cool, B.C., has caused widespread destruction of the banana crop.

The local offices of the White Star and Canadian Pacific Railway at Moscow, which were closed by the Soviet Government, have been reopened.

Six million feet of lumber, valued at \$50,000, and two houses at Trout Lake, North Bay, Ont., were destroyed by fire.

A new Polish Cabinet, headed by Dr. Julian Nowak, rector of the University of Cracow, as Premier, is gazetted.

Initiated at the sight of a bull containing "hibernates" a bull for down upon the 15-year-old son of a ten-year-old, Waterville, Que., and induced serious injuries.

Designed to carry a torpedo weighing 1500 pounds, to fly two miles a minute, and to reach an altitude of 3000 feet in six minutes, a new torpedo plane built for the British Air Ministry has just undergone a searching test and satisfactory trial.

Questioned in the House of Commons, London, regarding the interchange of teachers between Great Britain and the Dominion, a representative of the Government said arrangements had been made for recognizing the services of teachers going to the Dominions.

Alberta has spent \$450,000 this year in the fight against the grasshopper, according to Hon. George Hoodley, Minister of Agriculture. Just over 14,000 tons of poison has been used, made up of 685 tons of molasses, 614 tons of arsenic, 6,233 tons of bran, 625 tons of malt and 5,671 tons of sawdust.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Safest family medicine

DO NOT BE MISLED

COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND

DO NOT BE MISLED

THE HOME COMFORT RANGE

THE HOME COMFORT RANGE

DO NOT BE MISLED

THE HOME COMFORT RANGE

PETRIE'S MACHINERY

DO NOT BE MISLED

THE HOME COMFORT RANGE

PETRIE'S MACHINERY

DO NOT BE MISLED

THE HOME COMFORT RANGE

PETRIE'S MACHINERY

DO NOT BE MISLED

THE HOME COMFORT RANGE

## Measuring Electricity

Method is Same As Used in Measuring Water

The language of the electrician is Greek to most people. While he talks glibly of volts and amperes and watts, they know only that they have to pay an electric light bill for so many units, and let it go at that.

Though electricity is not a fluid, most of its terms can be compared with water. Flowing through a pipe, turn a stream of water onto the paddle of a water-wheel, the work that the wheel will do depends upon two things—the amount of water delivered every second and the pressure of the stream. The first is measured in gallons and the second in pounds.

In the case of electricity, however, the rate at which it flows is measured in amperes and its pressure in volts. The work which it will do is found by multiplying amperes and volts together, which gives the answer in watts, or units of energy.

The unit is 1000 watts, often called a kilowatt, which is the electrical equivalent of one horsepower.

You will find the number of watts they require engraved on most electric lamps and from this you can discover what they will cost to use. A 25-watt lamp will use one unit of 1000 watts in forty hours' burning.

The ohm is another electrical instrument which can be understood by a comparison with water. Water flows easily through a large pipe, but if the pipe is narrow, only a small quantity can force its way through.

What the pipe is to water, the wire is to electricity. The smaller the wire, the more difficult electricity will find its way, because the fine wire resists its flow. Wires are measured by their resistance in ohms.

## Durable Roman Roads

Portions Being Unearthed. Compare Favorably With Modern Highway

In the third century the Roman ruler of England made a road which ran from Dover to London, and then northward to York and Newcastle, with branches leading to Chester and Carlisle.

They made it so well laid its foundation so honest, that a piece of it that has been uncovered in Hertfordshire is pronounced by the county and road surveyor to be as good as any highway today.

Give it an asphalt surface, he says, and it would compare favorably with the best of modern roads.

What a tribute to the work of those Roman road-makers! What an encouragement to all who are trying to do faithful, durable work in any direction.

Waiting Street was used for centuries, then its surface began to be covered up by the dust of ages. It fell into disuse; it was covered by meadows; it disappeared even from local memory.

But wherever a piece of it is unearthed, as is happening now in Hertfordshire, there are the foundations firm and undisturbed by the centuries that have passed. Honest endeavor, giving the best of one's life into the day task, never loses its value.

## Exchange in Europe

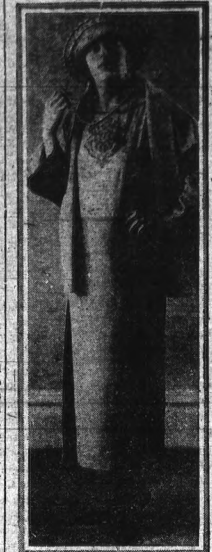
Humorous as well as remarkable are some of the stories of the fluctuating rates of exchange in European money.

An Englishman on his way from Germany to Switzerland bought a bottle of wine for 500 crowns in the Austrian Tyrol. After drinking the wine he kept the bottle, and on crossing the Swiss border, sold it for fifty centimes. A Swiss fifty centime piece is worth 700 Austrian crowns, so that the Englishman not only got his wine for nothing, but made 200 crowns.

The United States post office uses \$90,000 million of twice every year, enough to circle the earth 30 times.

Elephants never recover from pneumonia.

## THREE PIECE SUITS ARE VERY POPULAR



## YOUR STARVED NERVES

The Cause of Neuralgia—Must be Treated Through the Blood

Neuralgia is the cry of the nerves for more and better blood. It means that the nerves are being starved. Like every other part of the body, the nerves receive their nourishment through the blood. There is therefore no doubt that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will prove beneficial even in extreme cases of neuralgia. These pills increase and enrich the blood supply, carrying to the nerves the elements they need, thus driving away the sharp, torturing pains which nearly drive the sufferer wild. The benefit given by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of this kind is shown by the case of Miss Carrie V. Fletcher, Haverhill, Ont., who says: "As the result of a severe wetting I got white out in a rain storm, I was attacked with neuralgia, from which I suffered greatly, and which kept me awake night after night. Although the pain diminished somewhat, I began to suffer in other ways. My appetite was poor; I got thin and had no energy left. I was becoming a wreck of my former self. I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I am sure that I followed the best advice, for they have restored me to my old-time strength. I cannot recommend the pills too highly, and hope other persons in poor health will give them a fair trial."

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail, post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Export Saskatchewan Butter

Between 25 and 30 Carloads Will be Sent to Britain This Year

A representative of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Creameries has just returned from Europe after having made arrangements to export the bulk of the company's butter from Regina to Great Britain direct, and it is expected that between 25 and 30 carloads will leave Regina for the British Isles this year. Four cars are already on their way to the Atlantic coast.

## Saskatchewan Coal Shipments

The coal mines of British Columbia are maintaining weekly shipments in excess of 2,000 tons, fifty-six cars leaving the past week with 2,146 tons. Of the five collieries there is a total of 165 men employed.

## "COLD IN THE HEAD"

It is an acute attack of Head Cough. This subject is frequent "colds in the head," and it was becoming a real nuisance. He was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I am sure that I followed the best advice, for they have restored me to my old-time strength. I cannot recommend the pills too highly, and hope other persons in poor health will give them a fair trial."

There were 455,022 persons ten years of age and over in the State of New York in 1920 unable to write in any language. In New York City there were 281,121 illiterate, of whom 270,788 were foreign-born whites.

Asthma Can be Cured. Its suffering is as needless as it is terrible to endure. After its many years of relief of the most stubborn cases no sufferer can doubt the perfect effectiveness of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. Comfort of body and peace of mind return with its use and nights of sound sleep come back for good. "Ask your druggist," he can supply you.

## A Martial Obligation

"I must say those biscuits are fine," exclaimed the young husband. "However could you say those were fine biscuits?" whispered his mother as the fair bride went to get more from the kitchen.

"I didn't say they were fine, mother," replied the young man. "I merely said I must say so."

Minard's Liniment for Burns, etc.

Sweden is a land of enlightenment; education is compulsory.

## Irresistible Eyes

Are those which are bright and sparkling. Keep your eyes young and bright through the use of MURINE. It has saved the eyes of many a sufferer.

## MURINE FOR EYES

SMOKE

OLD CHUM

The Tobacco of Quality

## Dog Receives Decoration

Saved Lives of Ninety-Two Persons in Steamship Wreck

A fine collar with cross attached has arrived at St. John, N.B., for "Hero," a Newfoundland dog, owned by Wm. Orr, of that city, in recognition of his saving ninety-two lives in the wreck of the steamship Ethio, on December 10, 1919, off the coast of Newfoundland. The dog swam through the big waves, taking a line from shore to the ship and by means of this a heavier line was put aboard and all saved.

The collar and cross are from the Starry Cross of Philadelphia. Mayor McLaughlin has exempted "Hero" from the local dog tax.

## Canadian Bred

Premier Oliver, of British Columbia, was born in DeFayshire, Premier Greenwood, of Alberta, in Lancashire, Premier Dunning, of Saskatchewan, in Leicestershire. But Manitoba's new premier was born in Ontario. The old land is not to be given a monopoly of western premierials.—From the Toronto Star.

## McMurray Tar Sands

Shipment Sent to Britain to Undergo Extensive Tests

A car of the McMurray tar sands has been shipped to Swansea, Wales, this being the combination of 18 months of research by General Lindsay's chemists in London, Eng. A variety of tests have been made in England in addition to, which processes for the extracting of oil from the bitumen have been studied in both France and Germany, and it is hoped that the experiments on the new carload will be successful and result in more extensive developments.

Alcohol, it is predicted, will in a few years replace gasoline as fuel for motor cars.

BLACK LEG

100% PROTECTION FOR LIFE

The Cutter Laboratory

AFTER EVERY MEAL

WRIGLEY'S

10 for 5c

Candy jacket just melts in your mouth then you get the delectable gum center.

And with Wrigley's three old standbys also affording friendly aid to teeth, throat, breath, appetite and digestion.

Soothing, thirst-quenching. Making the next cigar taste better.

THE FLAVOR LASTS

## AFTER

## EVERY

## MEAL



## Accessories

Our line of accessories for autos is complete and we have a competent staff of mechanics who can make any repairs you may desire.

—If your car is ailing—leave it here.—

## The Crows' Nest Pass Motors

(West End of Town)  
Dealers in CHEVROLET and STUDEBAKER Cars  
**BLAIRMORE** Phone 105

## Modernize Your Home

No home is complete without a modern and fully equipped bath room. We can install a complete hot water system, bath, etc., on the shortest notice. Estimates carefully prepared. See us at once.

## Knapman Plumbing & Heating Co.

P. O. Box 262 **Blairmore** Res. Phone 195

## Special

We have a complete line of Old Willow Pattern English Dishes (open stock) and are offering same at a very special price. Drop in and see them.

## BLAIRMORE EXCHANGE

L. Comfort, Mgr.

### TAKE

## Yellow Pennant Cars

FOR FRANK — BELLEVUE — HILLCREST — COLEMAN

From BLAIRMORE to FRANK, 25c.  
From BLAIRMORE to BELLEVUE or HILLCREST, 75c.  
From BLAIRMORE to COLEMAN, 50c.  
Cars Running from 8 o'clock in the morning to 12 at night.

Parcels will be delivered to the business district of any of the above towns for a charge of 25 cents.

Cars stop at BLAIRMORE DRUG STORE, BELLEVUE INN, UNION HOTEL, HILLCREST and the COLEMAN CAFE.

## BOTTLES

We Pay Highest Prices  
For Pints and Quarts

Hold your bottles and we will call for them

E. PICK, "The Bottle King"

The Alberta Hotel — Blairmore, Alberta

## Aluminum Ware

There is no time like the present to buy good aluminum utensils. We have an excellent stock of all kinds of aluminum ware and invite your inspection of same.

See Window

ALEX. MORENGY

BLAIRMORE,

ALBERTA

### THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

Office of Publication  
Blairmore, Alberta  
Subscriptions to all parts of the Dominion, \$2.00 per annum. Foreign subscription, \$2.50. Payable in advance.  
Business locals, 15c per line.  
Legal notices 15c per line for first insertion; 10c per line for each subsequent insertion.  
Display Advertising Rates on Application.

W. J. BARTLETT, PUBLISHER

Blairmore, Alta., Thurs., Aug. 10, 1922

### THE TOWN AND YOU

What do you owe your own town? There's a fact which is often overlooked by citizens in general, namely, that they owe something to the town in which they live.

The sidewalks you walk on, the streets you drive on, the water in your homes, the lights you read by, these and many other things were obtained by the constructive effort and foresight of others.

Some of us go on year after year, partaking of the benefits which the town affords, but undertaking none of the responsibilities which it imposes. We are only too free and willing to comment on and criticize the actions of others; but when it comes down to taking a hand, we are not among the number.

We allow others to be school trustees, but send children to the schools; we allow others to be aldermen, but eagerly criticize their mistakes; but eagerly, we take the advantages, but get from under the obligation; and then say to ourselves: "This is a dead town."

A town composed of critics and drones is bound to be dead, it cannot be otherwise. Criticizing alone never made anything; finding fault alone never brings results; it takes a constructive effort to build anything. Sacrifice a little of your own time for the benefit of the rest of the citizens. It is not actually a sacrifice but a duty which you owe the rest of the public and yourself.—Cowanham Leader.

### WHAT IS A FRIEND?

The Question Faithfully Answered  
Two men were talking about friendship, and one of them praised Emerson's splendid essay. The other said, "I don't know what Emerson wrote on friendship, but I am willing to accept for myself the definition of a friend, written by some unknown writer, that I found somewhere the other day printed on a little slip of paper. Let me read it to you."

"What is a friend?" he read. "I will tell you. It is a person with whom you dare to be yourself. Your soul can go naked with him. He seems to ask of you to put on nothing, only to be what you are. He does not want you to be better or worse. "When you are with him you feel as a prisoner feels who has been declared innocent. You do not have to be on your guard. You can say what you think, so long as it is genuinely you. He understands those contradictions in your nature that lead others to misjudge you.

"With him you breathe free. You can take off your coat and loosen your collar. You can avoid little vanities and envies and hates and vicious sparks, your meanness and absurdities, and in opening them up to him they are lost, dissolved on the white ocean of loyalty. He understands. You do not have to be careful.

"You can abuse him, neglect him, tolerate him. Best of all, you can keep still with him. It makes no matter. He likes you. He is like water that cleanses all that you say. He is like wine that warms you to the bone. He understands.

"You can weep with him, laugh with him. . . . pray with him. Through and underneath it all he sees, knows and loves you.

"A friend, I repeat, is one with whom you dare to be yourself."

Mrs. F. M. Pinkney left for the coast last Friday. She will be absent for about three weeks.

### VALUE OF CANADIAN MOTOR HIGHWAY

A remarkable increase in the volume of motor traffic in Canada in 1921 is shown by the returns compiled by the department of customs. According to their registrations, 617,285 automobiles entered Canada for touring purposes during the calendar year of 1921. Of these 615,074 remained for less than one month and 2,211 for a period of more than one month and less than six months.

The total number for 1920 was 500,000. The increase in cars in one year. Allowing an average expenditure of \$20 per day including gasoline and garage charges for the first class of car—about an average length of stay of seven days, this traffic represents an expenditure of over \$107,000,000, while the second class of car on the basis of an estimated expenditure of \$20 per day for thirty days was approximately \$1,320,000. This means that the motor highways of Canada brought in a foreign revenue last year of \$18,220,000. Estimated on a five per cent basis it means that improved roads are worth over two billion dollars to this country without taking into account the service they render Canadians themselves.

The registrations according to provinces were: Nova Scotia 223; Prince Edward Island 22; New Brunswick 1,826; Quebec 43,264; Ontario 537,283; Manitoba 6,020; Saskatchewan 427; Alberta 863; British Columbia 25,957.

### STAMP TAX ON CHEQUES

For the benefit of our readers, we publish the following in connection with the new stamp regulations:

Rate: 2c per \$50.00 or fraction thereof, maximum tax, \$2.00.

Cheque Tax: \$1000 \$2000 \$3000 \$4000

\$ 50 .02 .42 .82 1.22 1.62

100 .01 .44 .84 1.24 1.64

150 .06 .46 .86 1.26 1.66

200 .06 .48 .88 1.28 1.68

250 .10 .50 .90 1.30 1.70

300 .12 .52 .92 1.32 1.72

350 .14 .54 .94 1.34 1.74

400 .16 .56 .96 1.36 1.76

450 .18 .58 .98 1.38 1.78

500 .20 .60 1.00 1.40 1.80

550 .22 .62 1.02 1.42 1.82

600 .24 .64 1.04 1.44 1.84

650 .26 .66 1.06 1.46 1.86

700 .28 .68 1.08 1.48 1.88

750 .30 .70 1.10 1.50 1.90

800 .32 .72 1.12 1.52 1.92

850 .34 .74 1.14 1.54 1.94

900 .36 .76 1.16 1.56 1.96

950 .38 .78 1.18 1.58 1.98

1000 .40 .80 1.20 1.60 2.00

Above table also applies to Bills of Exchange. Notes due, up to \$5000.

CHEQUES—2c for \$50 or fraction thereof, up to \$5000. Maximum tax on cheques in excess of \$5000—\$2.00.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE—Drawn and Paid: (a) On demand. (b) At sight. (c) At 3 days after sight. Require 2c for every \$50 or fraction thereof, up to \$5000. Maximum tax on short term Bills of Exchange, etc., in excess of \$5000—\$2.00.

DEMAND NOTES PAYABLE TO A BANK—Require a 2c stamp. Bank will prepare a quarterly statement charging 2c for every \$50.00 or fraction thereof on the maximum quarterly amount.

ALL OTHER BILLS OF EXCHANGE—Notes, "Broken" Loan Agreements, Etc.—2c for every \$50 or fraction thereof, without limitation.

BANK OVERDRAFTS—Bank will prepare monthly statements, charging 2c for every \$50.00 or fraction thereof on the maximum monthly overdraft.

(Clip out and keep on your desk)

Judge C. A. Stuart, of the appellate court, and Mrs. Stuart and two children spent Tuesday night with Mr. and Mrs. Putnam.

They are on their way to the coast by motor, where Judge Stuart is to deliver an address at the convention of the Dominion Bar Association.

Lord Shaw, of the Privy Council, England, will also be in attendance at the convention and deliver an address.

W. L. Shers, auditor for the Alberta Government Telephones, is in town this week. Mr. Shers was secretary-treasurer of the Town of Blairmore at the time of its incorporation and we are pleased to welcome him back to old associations.

Miss Violet Sargent, matron at the Blairmore hospital, left Monday night to spend a two-weeks holiday at points east, and is being relieved of her duties here by Miss McIntyre, of Bellevue.

### THE HOME CIRCLE

Ten Things a Baby Can Do.

It can beat any alarm clock ever invented waking a family up in the morning.

Give it a fair show and it can smash more clothes than the most industrious servant girl in the country. It can fall down oftener and with less provocation than the most excellent tumbler in the circus ring.

It can make more genuine fuss over a simple brass pin than the mother would over a broken back.

It can choke itself black in the face with greater ease than the most accomplished wretch that was ever executed.

It can keep a family in a constant turmoil from morn'g till night and from night till morning, without once varying its tune.

It can be relied on to sleep peacefully all day when its father is down town and cry persistently at night when he is particularly sleepy.

It may be the naughtiest, ugliest, most fretful baby in all the world, but you can never make its mother believe it, and you had better not try.

It can be a charming and a model infant when no one is around, but when visitors are present it can exhibit more bad temper than both its parents together.

It can brighten up a house better than all the furniture ever made; make sweeter music than the finest orchestra organized; fill a larger

place in the parents' breast than they knew they had; and when it goes away it can cause a greater vacancy and leave a greater blank than all the rest of the world put together.

### GIRL'S STATEMENT WILL HELP BLAIRMORE

Many women will profit by the following statement of one of their sex: "I was afraid to eat on account of stomach trouble. Even rice did not agree. After taking Adler-Ika I can eat anything." Adler-Ika acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel, removing foul matter which poisoned stomach. EXCELLENT for gas on the stomach or sour stomach. Guards against appendicitis. It brings out poisonous matter you never thought was in your system. Blairmore Pharmacy.

### G. J. Parks

CHIROPRACTOR

83 Pellatt Avenue, Fernie, B. C.

Box 873

15 years experience in handling chronic and acute diseases. Write or phone for information regarding your case. Rheumatism, heart, stomach and liver troubles and nervous disorders my specialty.

Lady in attendance.

OFFICE PHONE 153

RESIDENCE PHONE, 154

## E. J. POZZI

Contractor & Builder

Best-Stocked Lumber Yard in The District

DEALER IN

Rough and Dressed Lumber  
Sash and Doors. Shingles and Lath  
Cement and Brick Construction  
All Building Materials Supplied.

Plans Furnished.

Estimates Submitted

Office and Lumber Yard, Victoria Street,  
BLAIRMORE ALBERTA

When in CALGARY stop at

The Hotel Alexandra

The House of Comfort

Free Bus — Free Telephone — Fireproof

RATES—\$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00

With Bath—\$2.00 and \$2.50

226 Ninth Ave. East Calgary

For Sale  
Desirable Lots  
and  
Thirty Cottages

APPLY

WEST CANADIAN  
COLLIERIES LIMITED

BLAIRMORE

ALBERTA



## Flouts Law Of Gravity

Engineer Secures World Patent for Water Lifting Device

A water lifting apparatus which flouts the natural law that water cannot run uphill, and by the tremendous energy of the rising tides may be harnessed for use by man, is an invention of Thomas G. Allen, graduate of Washington University, St. Louis, and now a British subject. The "Hydroautomat," as the apparatus is called, is the result of two years of experiments. A working model has been viewed by scores of engineers, some of whom have been baffled by the simplicity of the cycle of operation. "It has lifted water 20 feet above the river level."

The hydroautomat is designed to raise water in any quantity from a running stream to any desired height without the use of standard equipment such as pumps, cranes or water-wheels. The apparatus harnesses two natural sources of energy, the weight of a column of water and atmospheric pressure. By means of a series of tanks, one above the other, and a sluiceway, which alternately brings suction and pressure forces into play, 40 per cent. of the energy of the pressure water used is obtained. The height required is reached by carrying the series of tanks, alternating open and closed chambers, together with air conducting pipes, to the desired height.

It is believed there is unlimited scope for the hydroautomat on streams with hydraulic power developments are not feasible because of the small amount of fall. One of the first applications is expected to be on irrigation projects.

In a broad sense, according to the inventor, the purpose of the hydroautomat is to convert the contained energy of large quantities of water at a low head into that of a smaller quantity of water at a high head, or to compel a stream to hoist part of itself up over the land for commercial or agricultural purposes. The principle is fixed; the application is to be determined by local requirements.

World patent rights have been issued. It appears that in the world's inventive records, the principle of the hydroautomat has been remotely approached, but never attained.

## Progressive Thought of the Past

A Piece of Wisdom of Many Centuries Ago

Let us not think that this generation alone is all-wise or has the monopoly of progressive thought. Here are a few words spoken by a Greek statesman (Pericles) over 2,500 years ago during an oration over those who fell in the Peloponnesian war of 432-430 B.C.:

"We are lovers of beauty without extravagance and lovers of wisdom without unmanliness. Yet to us is not mere material for achievement, and poverty we think it no disgrace to acknowledge, but a real degradation to make no effort to overcome. Our citizens attend to both public and private duties and allow no absorption in their own various affairs to interfere with their knowledge of the doings and the interests of the State. We differ from other states regarding the man who holds aloof from public life, not as quiet, but as useless. We decide or debate carefully and in person all matters of policy, holding, not that words and deeds go together, but that acts are foredoomed to failure where under-taken undiscussed."

Hints for the Housewife

Brooms will last longer, and sweep better, if they are dipped once a week in very hot soap-suds. This treatment toughens and preserves the bristles.

When frying fat has got slightly burned, drop in a peeled raw potato for a few moments and then remove it. All trace of burning will have disappeared.

To clean a furred kettle, fill it with cold water to which has been added two tablespoons of salt and allow to boil for five minutes, empty, refill with water and boil again, after which the kettle is ready for use.

Bones to be used for making soup will remain in good condition for several days if they are baked for a few minutes in a hot oven.

An investigating scientist who has been studying wild animals says that members of the feline tribe do not play with their long claws on the bark of trees to sharpen them, as is popularly supposed, but the claws are a display of vanity on the part of the male, to show how agile and powerful he is.

Of all sea-water inhabitants, the whale is the best swimmer.

W. N. U. 1431

## A Great Scientist

English Woman Chemist Did Remarkable Work During War

One of the greatest women scientists this age has produced labors in the quiet obscurity of South Kensington, within a stone's throw of the Science Museum.

She is Dr. Martha A. Whiteley, joint inventor with Professor Thorpe, of the world famous "S.K." tear gas, that proved to be the British army's greatest chemical counter-blast to the German gas attacks.

The only public reference to this woman scientist's high achievement was made casually the other day, during the unveiling of a war memorial in South Kensington.

Dr. Whiteley is one of the most self-effacing as well as one of the greatest living chemists. "It was only with a great deal of persuasion," said Dr. Thorpe, that she could be induced to tell how and when she had been working on the gas.

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"We worked day and night and every day of the week, and produced fifty pounds of synthetic drugs for the administration of the gas during the early days of the war, when all means of procuring drugs from Germany were absolutely cut off."

"We worked day and night and every day of the week, and produced fifty pounds of synthetic drugs for the administration of the gas during the early days of the war, when all means of procuring drugs from Germany were absolutely cut off."

"In 1915 we invented the 'S.K.' gas for the use of the Allied troops all over the world. Then we turned our attention to phosgene, by means of which chemists could burn out the gas."

"We invented an anti-Zepplin flare, and for the rest devoted our leisure to devising new, and improving on the old, methods of local anaesthetics."

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ON THE WAY TO A NEW COUNTRY  
Although the Irish troubles to a considerable extent affected immigration from that country there has been a more or less steady, if small stream of Irish men and women finding their way across the ocean to this continent. The result of the long promised peace in Ireland in this connection remains to be seen. The above photograph shows a party of Irish immigrants undergoing medical examination aboard a tender while waiting to go aboard the Canadian-Pacific liner "Tunislan" in Belfast harbor.

## Experimental Work With Bees

Last Year Exceptionally Good for Honey Production

Bees were kept at sixteen of the Dominion Experimental Farms last year. Although the season was hot and dry it proved exceptionally good for honey production especially in Ontario.

In the report for the year of the Dominion Experiment Farm at Ottawa, as is to be expected, made the best showing, having in fact a record-year, the 47 colonies there produced 3,410 lbs. 8 oz. of honey, or an average per colony of 200 lbs. 2 oz. The average for five years, that is since bees have been kept at the farms, are given in the report and the average for 1920 per year is 155 lbs. to the colony, spring count, showing that, or attributed to the fact that Eastern Ontario is an exceptionally good clover honey region. Kapuskasing in Northern Ontario near Ottawa pretty close for an average. Only two colonies were kept there but they produced two hundred pounds of honey each.

Lethbridge, Alberta, has a fruitful farm for honey, the six colonies there produced last year an average of 116 lbs. With the name number of colonies, the Dominion, Man., farm had an average yield of 81 lbs. and sixteen colonies at St. Anne de la Poudre, Que., in 1921, the first year of keeping, had an average per colony of 89 lbs. 3 oz. Summerland, B.C., with 80 lbs. from two colonies as an average, was the next best producer.

This is one of the oldest chains in the world, and a famous authority on Egyptology so liked the pattern that he had a set of similar chairs made by a modern craftsman.

It is one of the many wonderful antiquities now being put into the museum at Sotheby's, and Egyptologists from all parts of the world are likely to gather in London to witness the disposal of what is recognized as the finest collection of such works in Europe or America.

Another work of great artistic interest is an obelisk head of a Twelfth Dynasty king. Professor Percy F. Newberry, the well known Egyptologist, declares that this is not only generally recognized as the best example of ancient Egyptian sculpture, but it is a masterpiece that has not been surpassed by any other country or age.

The experts declare that it will run into a five figure price.

Bells that children played with long before Christ, toilet wags of queens and princesses of the Old Empire, and boxes of games played thousands of years ago add to the human interest of this display.

All He Contracted For  
"Is your son-in-law a good provider?"

"He can just about keep my daughter in gloves. I pay for everything else."

"Then he deceived you as to his circumstances?"

"No, I distinctly remember he merely asked for her hand."—Buffalo Commercial.

Where to Get Vitamines  
Sunlight Gives Endless Supply Without Cost or Trouble

Vitamines play a large part today in food and health matters, although there does not appear to be any general agreement regarding the nature and character of these supposedly indispensable elements or agencies. The vitamines existence is assumed and to be a nitrogenous substance that manifests its presence by an increase in the strength and vigor of the individual man or woman who possesses it in sufficient or ample supply.

If the individual is in robust health and strength overruling with animal spirits and activities, then he or she is credited with that desirable condition. This all-important substance is supposed to be present in certain kinds of food and absent or deficient in others, so that it becomes a business of real interest and concern to discover where the vitamines can best be found and assimilated.

Scientists at Johns Hopkins, it was recently announced, have found out that sunlight produces vitamines in the human system if the individual is sufficiently exposed to the rays of the great luminary that rules the day. Sunlight, therefore, increases health and strength in a more direct and telling way than the popular but somewhat vague idea that has hitherto prevailed. Sift in the sunlight acquires a new meaning, and the incidental tan and sunburn may be accepted as valuable evidence that one's stock of vitamines is being replenished and kept up to the proper quantity.

Thus in another good old axiom of folk lore vindicated, even though it was not able to make its truth self-evident. Science now steps along and explains why and wherefore in language of portentious sound, whether its significance be understood or not. But in any case, we all know where an endless supply of life-giving and saving vitamines can be obtained without cost or trouble.—St. Thomas Times Journal.

Growth of Alberta's Coal Mining Industry  
In 1920 Produced Nearly 70 Per Cent. of Ontario's Coal Output

In the mind of the average Eastern Canadian, Alberta is associated almost exclusively with farming and ranching. Its mineral resources are relatively little known, although the growth of the Alberta coal-mining industry has been one of the outstanding features of Canada's industrial development in the last decade.

In 1912 Alberta produced 28.7 per cent. of the coal output of the Dominion, while in 1920 her production amounted to nearly 70 per cent. of the total tonnage mined in Canada. Of recent years Alberta's coal output has ordinarily been practically double that of British Columbia and has, at times, exceeded that of Nova Scotia, which for many years was unchallenged as Canada's premier coal-mining province. In point of value of annual output, however, Alberta still yields first place to Nova Scotia.

All Said  
A shopkeeper had in his employ a man so lazy as to be utterly worthless.

One day his patience exhausted, he discharged him.

"Will you give me a character?" asked the lazy one.

The employer sat down to write a noncommittal letter. His effort resulted as follows:

The bearer of this letter has worked for me one week and I am satisfied.—Florida Times Union.

In prosperity the proud man knows nobody; in adversity nobody knows him.

## Ensuring Safety In Fogs

Ships Can Be Guided By Installing Simple Device

A cable departed from London says that the Royal Mail liner Orforda was successfully navigated through a narrow channel leading to Portsmouth Harbor by electrical signals from the Admiralty's submarine cable laid 20 miles out to set with the object of lessening the fog peril near the harbor.

Three years ago Dr. J. C. McLennan, Professor of Physics at the University of Toronto, delivered an address to the British North Coast Institute of Engineers and Shipbuilders in which he described a number of instruments invented during the war which would be of great advantage to trade and navigation in times of peace. As Scientific Adviser to the Admiralty he had a share in the invention and development of these devices, and to one of them the Globe on August 23, 1919, referred as follows:

"One of the simplest and most feasible methods of improving navigation in times of fog is by the use of the leader gear. This consists of a cable laid on the bottom of the sea, along the course of a narrow, tortuous channel leading into a harbor or through a mine field. If an alternative current is passed through such a cable it is possible by means of delicate devices installed on a ship, to obtain either aural or visual indications of the presence of such a cable, and by these indications a ship can be guided in safety in fogs or darkness. It is possible by means of 20 miles an hour almost with as much precision as a tramcar by a trolley wire over a railway. Experiment has shown that it is a simple matter to apply this method in water of suitable depth for distances of up to 50 miles or longer. By a leader gear laid in such areas as the River St. Lawrence or the entrance to Halifax Harbor, Dr. McLennan says that in and out lanes of traffic can be organized which can be maintained with ease in fogs."

This was three years ago, but the Orforda up to the present time in the only ship on which the necessary equipment has been installed. Shipping companies are notoriously slow to adopt safety devices, and Government action will probably be necessary to lessen the peril of fog, which renders the ablest navigator helpless.—From the Toronto Globe.

British Livestock Markets  
Prospects for Canadian Fat Cattle at Glasgow

The market for Canadian fat cattle for immediate slaughter at Glasgow from now until the autumn will show a more or less marked decline in values, according to a report received by the Dominion Livestock Branch.

Both in Ontario and British Columbia there is an increase of thirty per cent. in the average sales in Ontario, but in the western province serious damage is being caused by maggot.

Transportation notes in the report referred to, place particular stress upon the importance of greater care in packing fruit for shipment, and also tell of special arrangements that have been made with the express companies for the carriage of fruit. Summary of the fruit prospects in the United States and England are given; also the provisions of the recently passed Sale and Inspection Act, as they affect potatoes and onions.

Attended By Royalty  
Marriage of England's Richest Heiress Takes Place in London

A wedding second only in interest to the nuptials of Princess Mary and Viscount Lascelles, took place recently when England's richest heiress, Miss Edwina Ashley, grand-daughter of King Edward VII, married a son of European royalty, Lord Louis Mountbatten.

The groom is a grandson of the late Queen Victoria, a cousin of King George and the closest friend and companion of the Prince of Wales, who was the best man at the ceremony.

King George and Queen Mary attended the wedding, after which a reception was held at Brook House, the Park Lane mansion which is part of the bride's inheritance of £50,000, 000 and which will be the home of the couple after their honeymoon in Spain as the guests of King Alfonso and their later trip to America.

The bridegroom, whose father, the late Lord Milford-Haven, was Prince Louis of Battenberg until the King abolished all the German titles held by British royalty, is a young naval officer who acted as aide to the Prince of Wales in his tours of Australia and Japan.

Farm Boys' Camp  
The great interest shown in other years in the farm boys' camps held in connection with the Regina and Saskatoon Industrial Exhibitions under the direction of the extension department of the University of Saskatchewan, will result this summer in a great widening of the work. This year there will be five farm boys' camps staged in the province instead of two. They will be held at Regina, Saskatoon as previously and in addition there will be camps at North Battleford, Melfort and Yorkton.

It pays to patronize home industry. Buy from the merchants in your own town.

How Gasoline is Produced  
Gasoline is produced by "cracking" heavier oils. The Burton process for this production yielded in 1921 a daily average of some 5,000,000 gallons.

Egyptian Mirrors  
A French scientist has interested the Academy of Sciences in his researches concerning the glass mirrors that were used in ancient times in Thrace and Egypt. They were backed with a highly polished metal, the nature of which has been in question. The scientist referred to has discovered that the metal was almost certainly lead, and that the glass was made by a process that was used in the manufacture of the concave surface of disks used on balloons of blown glass. In consequence of their shape mirrors minimized the images of objects looked at in them.

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## CANADIANS AND BRITISH GIRLS

Of all marriage intermixtures under the sun, there is perhaps none that can compare with the one between a Canadian man and a British girl, writes "A Canadian" in the London Daily Mail.

By a "Canadian" I mean a Canadian born; not an immigrant whose Canadianism is but veneer, and by British I mean a typical middleclass girl from a London suburb or country town.

As a convey officer in charge of hundreds of returning Canadian soldiers and their brides, and as a Canadian who has encountered hundreds of such marriages in Canada and elsewhere, I have tried to analyze the elements of their success.

The Canadian man is as near 100 per cent male as the British girl is 100 per cent female, and the result of this natural mating has been children as near 100 per cent perfect, and almost invariably of the male sex.

For a new country like Canada this is a "consummation devoutly to be wished." The war, like a pruning knife has cut away a number of the Dominion's finest branches, but it has only resulted in the production of more and better fruit.

Having found the physiologic situation to be undoubtedly favorable it only remained to be seen how the brides would survive the transplanting process from their old to their new homes.

When they first arrived in Canada they found things different; they were inclined to call them "funny" or "queer."

The trains were different, the stations were different, the money was different; there were no 'busses, no hedgerows, and no double-decked tram cars; only fences and street cars. They felt themselves in foreign surroundings. In their "blue" moments they longed for home. Distinctly clothed the scenes of their childhood in roscate colors.

The British love their islands as soon grow homesick for them.

Canadians know this; they also know the remedy. The brides went home by their husbands to revivify old scenes.

At first they were happy in a realization of their dreams, then they became aware that things seemed duller and incredibly smaller than they remembered them; they missed the telephone that was so useful, the electric housekeeping appliances, and most of all they missed "the man."

Finally, often before their time was up, they asked to be brought back. They returned Canadianized. Britain was a pleasant place to visit, but now Canada was home.

These daughters of Empire, as they may rightly be called, are doing more to cement the bonds that hold the Commonwealth together than all the politicians that have ever lived.

They are carrying British courage and stamina to the new Dominion.

They are raising a manhood with British ideals. Their sons will be true sons of the Great Dominions, but they will ever look with affection to the home of their mothers, perhaps, in the hour of need.

## WHAT ADVERTISING HAS DONE

A financial authority has given us some figures of the annual business done by the ten largest stores of the world measured by total trace in dollars. The record is for the year 1920. Like all figures of imposing successes, they are interesting:

Marshall Field & Co., Chicago, \$65,000,000.

Carson Pirie Scott & Co., Chicago, \$56,000,000.

Bon Marche, Paris, \$40,000,000.

Snellenberg, Philadelphia, \$40,000,000.

Lit Bros., Philadelphia, \$33,000,000.

Selfridge, London, \$30,000,000.

Wanamaker New York, \$28,000,000.

Wanamaker, Philadelphia, \$27,000,000.

R. H. Macy & Co., New York, \$25,000,000.

Franklin Simon & Co., New York, \$21,000,000.

Three countries and five cities are represented in this list of leaders.

Different policies govern the different

## THE BOY

A possible man of affairs,  
A possible leader of men,  
Back of the grin that he wears  
There may be the courage of ten;  
Lawyer, or merchant or priest,  
Artist or singer of joy,  
This is when his strength is increased  
Is what may become of the boy.

Headless and mischievous now,  
Spending his boyhood in play,  
Yet glory may rest on his brow  
And fame may exalt him some day;  
A skill that the world shall admire  
Strength that the world shall employ  
And faith that shall burn as a fire,  
Are what may be found in the boy.

He with the freckles and tan,  
He with that fun-loving grin,  
May rise to great heights as a man  
And many a battle may win;  
Back of the slang of the streets  
And back of the love of a toy,  
It may be a Great Spirit beats—  
Lincoln once played as a boy.

Trace them all back to their youth,  
All the great heroes we sing,  
Seeking and serving the Truth,  
President, poet and king,  
Washington, Caesar and Paul,  
Homer, who sang about Troy,  
esus, the greatest of all,  
Each in his time was a BOY.  
—Edgar A. Guest.

## THE PAPER FROM HOME

There lay on a stand in the marble hall  
A city mansion with towers tall,  
A country paper in its wrapper plain  
Almost unnoticed, or scorned with disdain.

By the liveried servants there,  
Unmind the splendor of wealth it lay  
In its humble garb, through the long,  
long day;  
'Till the master came at eventide  
'To lay for awhile his cares aside  
Afar from the city's din.

When he saw the paper a kindly smile  
Breathed his face and for a while  
A calm content he settled down  
With the paper that came from his  
old home town  
That he loved in the days of yore.  
As he scanned its homely pages thru'  
In memory's mirror appeared in view  
Familiar scenes and faces of friends  
With the glad delight that memory sends.

To a heart that is ever young,  
He was back once more in the summer days  
With the chums he knew in boyish  
plays,  
Diving into the swimming pool  
Below the mill, with its depths so cool  
In eager youthful play.  
He roamed again 'mid woods and  
fields,  
Through orchards with their fruitful  
yields;  
Through meadows green, and down the  
lane  
Where flowers wild still bloomed  
again.

As in the bygone days,  
The Sabbath evenings calm and still  
The country church upon the hill,  
Where he humbly knelt by his  
mother's side,  
Before his footsteps roamed a wide  
To seek ambition's goal.

These treasured memories, kin to  
tears,  
So often lost through passing years,  
Crept softly back with pleasure rare  
To smooth the lines that time and care  
Had written on his brow.

So the simple sheet with its homely  
face  
Goes forth by times to find a place  
In the heart of a man whose eyes  
grow dim  
With tender memories brought to him  
When the paper comes from home.

stores. Some emphasize high quality;  
some feature popular-priced wares.  
But all have one thing in common.  
And this is the thing that every  
merchant here, as everywhere, has at  
his command.

All are consistent, persistent and  
emphatic advertisers.

The success of each is based, in  
large measure, on its aggressive  
publicity policy.

900 MILES  
ON 2 QUARTS

The owner of a Model 81 Overland (name on request) tells us he recently made a 900 mile trip using only 2 quarts of Imperial Polarine Oil Heavy (as recommended on the Imperial Chart).

Big oil and gasoline mileage is just one of the many advantages of using the proper grade of Imperial Polarine Motor Oils in any car or truck. Consult the Chart.

## IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED

Manufacturers and Marketers of Imperial Polarine Motor Oils and  
Markets in Canada of Gargoyle Mobiloil.



IMPERIAL  
Polarine  
MADE IN CANADA  
MOTOR OILS

Made in five grades  
for the proper lubri-  
cation of all makes  
of automobiles,  
trucks and tractors.

## WHO KNOWS?

How old is a woman when she is no longer young? That question is now bigger and broader than it ever was before. For it is a fact that there are a few old women—old, in the sense in which they used to be regarded.

Time was, and not so very long ago, when a woman of forty was old. Fashion and custom both conspired against her. She must wear a bonnet and shawl. There could be nothing gay in her attire. As years came after forty, each gave her

something in dress that made her older still, and at fifty, she was in the grandmother class with nothing to do but sit in the chimney corner with knitting or fancy work.

Where now can such women be found? There are none. Instead of the bonneted and beshawled woman of thirty years ago, you see now a daintily-groomed woman, wearing a fetching hat, white shoes, short skirts and all the other charming accessories which fashion decrees. You may have to look at her twice to decide whether she is thirty or fifty,

and even when you have looked twice you are not sure.

But what is the use of talking about a woman's age? She will not talk about it herself. And, after all, she is only as old as she looks.—E.

## THE COST OF CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY PENSION PLAN

The pension plan of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company was first put into operation in January, 1903. The entire cost of the plan has been borne by the company, which, after 476,

an initial contribution of \$250,000, contributed \$30,000 annually for the next eight years, \$125,000 for the following five years, \$200,000 in 1916, and \$500,000 annually from 1917 up to the present time. It is stated that payments made since the establishment of the plan total \$3,240,751. During 1921, the sum of \$422,544 was distributed. At the end of 1921 there were 1,030 drawing pensions, of whom 34 were under 60 years of age, 462 between 60 and 70 years, and 534 over 70 years. The balance in the fund at the end of 1921 was \$1,562,760.

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Blairmore Lodge No. 68, meets every Tuesday night at 8 p.m., in the Oddfellows' hall. Officers for the ensuing term: J. Patterson, N.G.; W. T. Patterson, V.G.; M. R. Hoffman, R.S.; J. B. Harmer, F.S.; J. Montalbetti, Treasurer.

Crow's Nest Encampment No. 8, meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of the month. Officers for the ensuing term: J. Patterson, C.P.; W. T. Patterson, S.W.; A. Morrison, J.W.; Wm. Patterson, Scribe; J. Montalbetti, Treasurer.

Crowfoot Rebekah Lodge No. 66, meets the first and third Thursdays of the month at 8 p.m. Officers: Sister Patterson, N.G.; Sister Fraser, V.G.; Sister Evans, R.S.; Sister Walker, F.S.; Sister Pinkney, Treasurer.

Bellevue Lodge No. 118, meets every Monday night at 8 p.m. Officers: F. Padgett, N.G.; E. Jensen, V.G.; H. Barless, R.S.; J. Wyatt, Treasurer.

Armatage Encampment No. 17, Bellevue, meets the first and third Wednesdays of the month. Officers: E. P. Carr, C.P.; Stephen Barry, E. P. Barry, S.W.; Fred Padgett, J.W.; E. Excoffin, Treasurer; Charles W. Ray, Scribe, Box 6

Ray of Hope Rebekah Lodge No. 67, meets the first and third Wednesdays of the month. Officers: Sister Christie, N.G.; Sister Barless, V.G.; Sister F. Hallworth, R.S.; Sister Litherland, F.S.; Sister Goodwin, Treasurer.

Visitors of the Order are cordially invited to attend the above lodges.

Our capacity shrinks when we read the dreams of a naturalist who recently visited the Peace River country and saw there roads shaded by arches of birch trees seven hundred feet in length. He claims that sawmills could be operating at the butt of the trees for years before the top need become aware of the fact.

Announcement has been made that the Indian government will shortly convene a committee of the legislative assembly to draft a workmen's compensation act for India.

Miss Hilda Hansen, of Cowley, is visiting friends in town.

## Items of Local and General Interest

The world's largest steer tips the scale at over 4200 pounds. Some baby!

There is only a transposition of two letters between the words "united" and "untid"—

Owing to the arrival of Eaton's catalogue, very few real bibles were opened on Sunday last.

Mrs. Goulding is spending a few weeks here with her son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Goulding.

Mr. MacKay, manager of the Lethbridge branch of the Royal Bank of Canada, was a visitor to Blairmore on Tuesday.

According to the last census, Canada's population is 7,788,483, bringing an increase of one and a half million since 1911.

John Perceval Gregory has resigned as justice of the peace for the Province of Alberta at Pincher Creek.

During a girl marries a man who declared himself ready to die for her, she is likely to find that she has married a dead one.

Frank Berringham, a former Colemanite now resident of Inglefoll, was fined \$200 and costs for selling beer with an overplus of alcohol.

Concrete sidewalks in Blairmore caused the people of Coleman to much worry that they have practically decided to have concrete sidewalks of their own.

Joe Howe is engaged in fighting fire near Cranbrook. He was on his way to Kimberley and was conscripted for the job by the provincial government.

The third finger of the left hand (the wedding ring finger) is said to be the first finger that a newborn babe is able to move and the last of which a dying person loses control.

Notices are this week reaching Chautauque guarantors, who owing to unforeseen circumstances are brought to face a deficit aggregating some fifteen dollars per head.

Sewing machine McDonald and Mrs. McDonald returned last week from a pleasant auto trip to Lethbridge, Cardston and Waterton Lakes.

An old prophet now predicts that all the world with exception of Canada is to be wiped out by earthquakes within 30 days. We naturally have sympathy for the unprepared of other countries.

The Kincardine Review remarks that Ralph Connor had an interview with Ex-President Wilson immediately before the United States declared war against Germany. It was really Ralph Connor who won the war.

It is announced that the first women's labor temple in the United States is being built at Los Angeles, California. When completed the cost will be in excess of \$14,000. It will be the home of about five thousand active workers in the labor movement.

One of the most attractive buildings in Blairmore today is St. Anne's Catholic church, which has recently received a stucco finish at the hands of Contractor Pazzi. The exterior painting is being done by G. K. Street, of Bellevue.

A new town of about 1500 population will be established near Elko. It plans of a syndicate of Elko newspapers forestall the west of pulp mills materialize. An expenditure of about three million five hundred dollars is involved.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Catter, returned last week, and from a visit to Lethbridge and Cardston.

Fritz Sick, of the Lethbridge brewery, spent a couple of days in town.

Mrs. H. Gibeau returned Saturday from a brief visit in Calgary and Nanton.

Miss Reene and First Aid competition will be held at Fernie on September the 1st.

Misses Ina Jones and Beale Smith, of Lethbridge, are guests of the Misses Kneppman for a few days.

The Pincher Creek annual agricultural fair will be held August 15th and 16th and promises to be a record breaker.

Allover the prairie farmers are looking on the best crops since 1915. Here's hoping their dreams will be fully realized.

During the past month, tourist autos have been passing through the Crow's Nest Pass at the rate of about fifty a day.

A new company, known as the Palm Cafe, Limited, has been incorporated with a capitalization of ten thousand dollars and head office in Blairmore.

Nanton is one town that went over the top with this year's Chautauque, more than meeting the guarantee with season ticket sales. They have signed up for next year.

Miss Jessie Sheard, formerly of the Union Bank staff here, left Pincher Creek yesterday for Calgary, where she assumes position on the staff of a city branch of that institution.

The mayor of a far inland town was about to engage a preacher for the new church. "Parson, you aren't by any chance a Baptist, are you?" "No, not necessarily. Why?" "Well, I was just a going to say we have to haul our water twelve miles."

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Hogge, of Delburne, were in town last week and Mr. Hogge was renewing old acquaintances made here during his term as manager of the Blairmore drug store some years ago. They, too, are struck by the rapid growth of Blairmore.

J. C. LaMotte, of the Union Bank staff at Okotoks, has passed his second year's examinations in Queen's University, passing on the following subjects with high mark: English Composition, Bank Correspondence, Negotiable Papers and Bills of Exchange. Mr. LaMotte is well known locally, having at one time been connected with the staff of the local branch of the Union Bank.

A fatal accident happened at Claresholm on Wednesday of last week, when the little seven-year-old son of Corporal and Mrs. Hildson was kicked by a horse and died on Friday. Corporal Hildson was in attendance at the murder inquest at Hillcrest at the time of the accident. Deep regret is felt for the bereaved parents.

When the editor of a Chinese journal returns your manuscript because he cannot, or will not use it, he encloses a little slip which runs as follows: "We have read your manuscript with indefinite delight. Never before have we revelled on such a masterpiece. These printed it, the authorities would ordain us to take it for a model and henceforth never print anything inferior to it. As it would be impossible to find its equal within ten thousand years, we are compelled, though shaken with sorrow, to return your divine manuscript, and for so doing we beg one million pardons."

Five gutted a small building at Cowley last week, doing considerable damage.

A local autoist augmented the resume at Fernie a couple of weeks ago for speeding.

The way women wear clothing nowadays gives Cupid little trouble hitting the mark.

One hundred and ten aeroplanes have been presented to Czechoslovakia by the French government.

An airmail service between London and Bombay is contemplated. The journey will take five and a half days.

A busy man will buy an automobile to save time, and then spend half his time tinkering with it.

Although hundreds of oil companies have had their names struck off the Alberta registry, it is said that not a grease spot remains.

Following the election of Mr. Greenfield as premier of Alberta, this province has seen the greatest number of green fields in its history.

We understand that Messrs Palmer and Fitzsimmons, whose airplane came to grief recently, will again attempt the transcontinental flight from Lethbridge.

Mr. W. H. Taft, at a dinner of English-speaking unionists, said that the main tenance of the bond between Great Britain and America was essential to the saving of the world.

The law firm of Loughhead, Bennett & McLaws, of Calgary, has been dissolved, and a new firm formed, including Sir James Loughhead, Macleod, Sinclair, Major Redman, and W. H. McLaws.

The separate school board at Pincher Creek has been authorized to borrow the sum of eight thousand dollars, on security of the district, for the purpose of erecting an addition to the present building and installing a heating plant.

The British Columbia government is spending one and a half million dollars on new road construction this year. We only hope that the Alberta government will be able to show that this many cents have been spent this year to good advantage on our roads.

Mr. Louis Rudulicki, fourteen-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. F. Rudulicki, of the Home Bank, rode a bicycle from Fernie to Blairmore on Friday last, a distance of about fifty miles, in seven hours. Beyond being somewhat stiff, the lad is none the worse for his hard work and made the return journey the following day.

Western Canada editors and publishers who contemplate attending the big convention down in the Okanagan the latter part of this month, are already clamoring for positions where they might get the best view of the Okanagan peaches. From the Okanagan we learn that footpaths have been barred and front pews are available only to the harmless old chaps.

The New Zealand government recently closed the housing branch of the department of labor for the chief reason that it has not been possible to build houses at a price which enables them to be let at a rental within the means of the average worker. This branch lent over \$260,000 to 1358 workers for the erection of their houses during 1921.

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## Tenders for the Erection of Police Headquarters Building at Blairmore, Alberta

Scaled tenders complete in all trades will be received up to twelve o'clock noon, August 15th, 1922.

Plans and specifications with full particulars may be obtained on application to R. P. Blakely, F.R.I.R.A. Provincial Architect, Edmonton, application to be accompanied by a deposit of \$25.00, which will be refunded on the return of plans, specifications and bona fide tender.

The right is reserved to reject any or all tenders.  
(Signed) J. D. ROBERTSON, Deputy Minister of Public Works, Dated at Edmonton, this twenty-fourth day of July, A. D. 1922.

GUN, RIFLE AND REVOLVER REPAIRS for all makes of firearms, restocking, etc. Firearms of all descriptions bought, sold and exchanged. A. A. RUSSELL, Gunsmith, 139 13th Ave. West, Calgary.

WANTED—To hear from the owner of good Ranch for sale. State cash price, full particulars. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn.

The Alberta Medical Association has fallen in line with the Ontario medicals to ask the government to instruct the Workmen's Compensation Board to confer with a special committee of the Association in order that a new scale of pay for doctors under the Compensation Act might be arranged.

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## New Relief Maps Are Proving Of Great Value To Prospective Settlers

When the motorist consults his road map or the teacher in the schoolroom refers to the wall map, it is ordinarily a flat map. It shows the roads, railroads, rivers, lakes, cities, towns and the other features, all placed upon a flat surface. Hills and mountain ranges, valleys and prairie lands are not distinguished except perhaps by conventional signs or lines which assist the mind in its endeavor to picture the real aspect of the country. Mountains, hills or ridges, if shown at all, may be indicated by shading or a system of fine radiating lines to represent shadow, or by a series of lines of equal elevations above sea level called contour lines. The latter method gives actual elevations of the land and is thus a much more precise method than the former as it conveys definite information to anyone equipped in "reading" the contour lines and gives an accurate mental picture of the configuration or relief of the ground.

Relief maps have thickness as well as length and breadth and one sees upon them the valleys and rivers and streams, the steep hillsides, the gentle slopes and level places. One sees where railways have to be located to get easy grades, where roads require to be diverted to avoid steep hills, what areas can be drained and the direction in which the outlet will be found, why some rivers are sluggish while others will furnish water power, and many other things of interest. The engineer or municipal official can explain clearly projects unfamiliar with maps.

In the opening up of a new country, relief maps tend invaluable help to the layman and the prospective settler, often unaccustomed to the proper interpretation of contour lines, may obtain from them a clear understanding of the "lay" of the land beforehand, its proper drainage, the grades involved in hauling to market, and so on.

It was out of their need of some such means for illustrating the relief in territory where road construction, drainage, clearing of lands and other development work was proposed for soldier settlement that the Topographical Survey Branch of the Department of the Interior began the making of these maps on a small scale. Where there was some special purpose to warrant it, they have been made from time to time. These relief maps are constructed in such a way that after the first map is produced, duplicates are quickly and easily made in little cost.

Although there have been no attempts at distribution, these maps have attracted considerable attention and requests have come from various organizations to supply different models at cost.

The extended use of relief maps in the schools would be a valuable aid to the study of geography. They lead themselves to a more complete understanding of geographical terms as for instance for such features as ridges, spur ridges, cliffs, plateaus, etc. The relative elevations of various parts of the country studied would be seen at a glance. Drainage areas could be worked out by the class and the question of definite or indefinite water sheds dwelt upon. The location of railways, with reference to the configuration of the country, the grades encountered, and the necessity for winding courses through hilly or mountainous regions would be seen.

### The Hottest Place

The hottest place in the world has been found by the United States Weather Bureau. It is in Death Valley, California, where a substation has taken records of the temperature for a period of ten years. The extreme maximum temperatures show it to be the hottest known region on earth. A temperature of 134 degrees F. was recorded on July 10, 1913, and this is believed by meteorologists to be the highest natural air temperature ever recorded with a tested standard thermometer exposed in the shade under approved conditions.

### Record in Milk Production

Maple Leaf Farm, an Arvink, owned by Capt. A. Henry Higginson, of South Lincoln, Mass., has established a new world's record for her class by producing 18,078 pounds of milk in 300 days; it is announced by the Ayr.

### French Reclaiming Mines

Have Rebuilt 2,000 Miles of Galleries Destroyed by Germans

The task of reconstruction in the Nord and Pas de Calais among the coal mines destroyed by the Germans is being pushed on with feverish activity, according to the Paris correspondent of "The Times" and every day brings the moment nearer when they will once more be in full swing. The report of the work accomplished during 1921 shows wonderful results. In the Nord the four groups have been linked up again; pumping operations are virtually unimpeded at Aischow, Thivencelle and Vimy; and at Escarpelle, the lower stages of all pits will be dry by the end of this year.

The Amaury, d'Arenberg, Tempe, Boux and Blaise-Pierre pits are now dry, and the remaining five pits will be cleared by June of next year. In Pas de Calais, at Bourges Courrières, Lens and Liévin, many pits are already dry, and in others the water is fast disappearing from the bottom. Up to the present over 600,000,000 cubic feet of water have been pumped out.

Reconstruction of pit bottoms is proceeding apace, considering the appalling havoc wrought by the enemy. Nearly 2,000 miles of galleries had to be rebuilt, of which 600 miles had been abandoned during German occupation and 1475 miles systematically flooded. The reconstruction of the bottom is the all important task, and it can only be carried out step by step. The advance varies between forty and twenty inches a day.

### Is the Earth Pear-Shaped?

Director of French Observatory Suggests Using Telescope to Find Out

Many of us laugh at the people who in past times thought the world was flat. But are the laughers more correct in their belief that the world is round?

That it is a sphere, we know, because we can see it for ourselves when a ship sails below the horizon. But it is not so shaped like a pear, as many suppose. The "Globe" is not a strictly accurate expression for it.

Recent measurements by astronomers have led to the belief that its shape is like that of a pear. But more careful and systematic methods are needed to give us exact knowledge, and the director of a French observatory suggests that we can make absolutely sure by means of wireless. If all wireless stations establish a time-chain, signalling, to each other and recording the distances between them calculated by the transmission of time, a network of observations will be cast around the earth, and by working out the results its shape can be found.

This would be valuable as well as interesting; many calculations, not only of astronomers, but of navigators and geographers, would be affected by it. And if it were repeated at regular intervals, we should know whether the shape of the earth alters from time to time, and how the alterations are caused.

### The Traffic in Titles

London Post Says There Is Regular Schedule of Rates

The London Morning Post, in the course of an article on the sale of honors, declares it has evidence that not only is there a traffic in titles, but there is a regular schedule of rates. The price of a knighthood, it says, ranges from £10,000 to £12,000, and a baronetcy from £20,000 to £40,000. The prices of higher honors are proportionately greater. It adds that strangers are approached with proposals to buy honors.

It would be interesting to know just what the evidence is. Similar statements have been made before this, but the whole question of the distribution of titles is involved to some extent, in mysteries. The titles are supposed to come from the King. It is difficult to believe that the King is mixed up in any traffic or bargain and sale; but the King acts no doubt, on the advice of his ministers and the making nominations are overlooked the needs of the funds. Perhaps that is by the charge that is in honors.

A problem of much ado. So far as the title and the traffic is ends; not much the better of it, we are certainly. —From the Wood-Review.

### Exploration Ship

Couraging Back Home

Steamer Quest Is Not Suited for Antarctic Work

It is expected that the Quest, the exploration ship, carrying the adventurous party commanded by the late Sir Ernest Shackleton will return to Southampton in September next. The vessel put in at Cape Town on her way home after carrying out the work of scientific observation and exploration which was originally intended. En route to this country she will visit Trinidad Island, in the South Atlantic. Commander Wild, who is in charge of the party, is bringing with him a film of birds and animal life, of which new specimens have been found, and complete geological and biological data gathered of unknown islands. "I am quite satisfied with the results of the expedition, but would like to have done more," he declared in an interview at Cape Town. "Future plans are uncertain, but we are not returning south. We may carry out some work in the Pacific, searching for lost islands. The ship is rather underpowered for Antarctic exploration."

The Quest is badly in need of an overhaul, and is leaking slightly as a result of collisions with the ice. The crew agree that, although a small-sized vessel is much harder for navigating icefields, this had been carried beyond the limit in the case of the Quest. The men are suffering severely from sea-sickness, even seasoned sailors like Commanders Wild and Worsley succumbing. Further, there is an entire lack of comfort aboard owing to the cramped quarters. The coal supply is so small that whale and seal blubber had occasionally to be used for fuel.

### A Famous Smiler

Man Who Organized Corps for War Service Dies in London

The recent death, in England, of Major H. Hesketh-Prichard, removes one who was famous as the creator of "Don Q," and who had also other claims to distinction. Perhaps the most noteworthy of these is the fact that he was responsible for the organization of the corps of British soldiers who rendered such valuable service during the war. He had many qualifications which peculiarly fitted him for this difficult task, among them the fact that he had shot big game all over the world, even in Labrador and Patagonia. In fact, in 1901-1902 he was the leader of an expedition which ranged through the wilds of South America in search of prehistoric animals, of course fruitlessly. When the war broke out he instantly enlisted, and served through it, getting his D.S.O. He early perceived the field of the smiler, and perceived it alone. No one in the British or French army thought of using telescopic sights, of substituting a sports rifle for the ordinary service weapon for special uses, or of making use of the game keepers, gillies, and big game hunters scattered throughout the ranks. Major Hesketh-Prichard did, and gave his allies their invaluable "smilers," specially armed and trained. Hesketh-Prichard's novel, unlike his travel books, were all written in collaboration with his mother, who died some years ago—Quebec Telegraph.

Vultures are used in Costa Rica to keep the streets clean by devouring the refuse on them.



A SWISS DIALOGUE

War: "What are you crying for, kid?"  
Peace: Believe me, it's a tough world. If I only had known before I ventured into it."  
War: "Ah, quit your cryin'—I'll be back one of these days, and mix it up all right."  
—Nebelspalter (Zurich).

### Real Drought In

Orange Free State

Only a Few Old Showers in Twelve Months

Drought is on the land—such a drought as has never been known in the history of this country. From north to south, from east to west, for a thousand miles and more, a pitiless sun blazes down from a steely blue, cloudless sky on to a land that is scorched white—a burnt, shriveled-up, lifeless waste of wiles.

Here is a sun that burns. At sunrise this morning the thermometer on the east side of my house stood at a little under forty degrees. One hour and a half afterward it registered seventy-two degrees, and so on it increased, until by midday it went to 107.

In twelve months there have been a few old showers in what is usually our rainy season. That is now over. The last rain that fell was at the beginning of January.

Ahead of us lies the long, bleak, dry winter—six certain rainless months after nine months of drought! For hundreds of miles you can pass through a bare, scorching, dried-up desert. For hundreds of miles there is not a vestige of grass—not a drop of water.

Farm after farm is without a sign of life. The dams are bone-dry; the wells and boreholes have given in. The owners have fed their cattle on the road—with sheep and cattle and horses. In the hope of finding water and grazing somewhere ahead—hundreds of miles ahead.

It is doubtful whether half the stock will ever come back—it is certain that some of them will never reach their destination. But in the blazing sun they crawl along the hard white road, surrounded by a cloud of dust that is forever over them throughout the long, dry days.

Some of the trees are scorched yellow—there is only enough water in the dam to last two weeks. When that is finished 600 head of stock will have to be driven daily to a windmill, below which I have arranged a series of troughs all filled with water in readiness. The "lands" or fields should be green with winter feed are just bare, brown, empty acres.

And yet in all this there is a wonderful appeal—a strange fascination. I am at grips with something really big. Six hundred head of stock—and myself—are threatened. We have got to pull through—South African Farmer in the London Daily Mail.

### First Radio Telegraph

Installed on Train by Edison in the Eighties

Thomas A. Edison has followed the lead of the several hundred thousand citizens who have armed themselves with radio receiving sets, so as to catch radiohounds' speeches, music, weather reports and time signals from the obliging ether.

Radio is not new to Mr. Edison, for he was one of the very first to become interested in the wireless transmission of telegraph dot and dash signals, way back in the '80s, when he installed an electrostatic radio telegraph scheme on a train and tried it out. There was not any great enthusiasm over this stunt, which worked all right but did not seem to possess any great future at that time, for the few people who did travel on railroads would not bother to spend their money to talk from the train.

## Caterpillars And Other Insect Pests Destroyed By Use Of Airplanes

### Discovers New Suns

Dr. Plaskett, Victoria Observatory, Finds New Heavenly Bodies

Twelve suns, 52 quadrillion miles from the earth, have been discovered by Dr. J. S. Plaskett, director of the Dominion Astrophysical Observatory, Victoria, B.C., through the observatory's big 12-inch refractor telescope. Scientists herald the discovery as the outstanding astronomical achievement of recent times. The suns have been named Plaskett, after their discoverer.

The light, which, travelling at the rate of 186,000 miles a second, started from these suns 5,000 years before there was any creditable human history on this earth, reached here only today.

An airplane travelling from this earth at the rate of 300 miles an hour would require 30,000 million years to reach these twin suns.

They burn at a temperature of 50,000 degrees Fahrenheit as they whirl around one another. One, the more massive, is 75 times the bulk of our sun. The lesser is 63 times heavier.

One is 15,000 times as bright as the sun, the other 12,000 times as bright. Plaskett is more than five times as large as any other known heavenly body.

Professor Harold Jacobs, of Columbia University, noted astronomical authority, declares it "a most remarkable investigation and discovery." It is outstanding among recent astronomical investigations, he says, and declares that the measurements recorded by Dr. Plaskett must be accepted as most reliable.

### Fire Prevention Day

Cooperation of All Is Sought by Government Proclamation

Because of the great loss of life and property by fire during the past decade, the Government, by proclamation, is calling upon all citizens to exercise special care and to observe October 9 as Fire Prevention Day.

According to the proclamation, citizens will be required to inspect their dwellings and remove all conditions likely to cause fire. Inspection is also applied to factories, public buildings, hospitals, and other institutions. The proclamation recommends fire drills in schools and all large stores and factories. Special instruction is recommended to be given by school teachers, municipal officers and boy scouts.

In the bush, operators of lumber camps, settlers and hunters will be required to acquaint themselves with the regulations governing the prevention of fire. There is also a recommendation that all legislation and regulations dealing with fire prevention be given priority publicity.

### What Is Thrift?

Man Who Spends Intelligently Cannot Be Called Extravagant

The man that spends \$10,000 for a home is infinitely more valuable to society than the man who hoards such a sum. The wealthy who patronize fine arts and purchase paintings and works of art do a useful act if they can afford those purchases. What would be extravagant spending for one man would be intelligent spending for another. The rich man who creates wonderful country place is doing constructive spending. He creates employment for hundreds of people and puts something beautiful where there was nothing. You cannot overestimate the value of thrift. It is as far removed from miserliness as it is from extravagance.—Thrift Magazine.

### Business Honor

Louis Liggett, the well-known drug magnate who failed and then paid off his creditors in full, was congratulated by a Boston reporter on so highly honorable an act.

"I believe in business honor," said Mr. Liggett, "though the business honor of some men reminds me of the golf club that had to put up the rule."

"Notice—Members must refrain from picking up lost balls until they have stopped rolling."—Minneapolis Tribune.

Linera Talk 500 Miles Apart

A new record for wireless telephone conversation is said to have been set by the Scandinavian-American liner United States, which arrived from Copenhagen.

The captain, Oscar Schmidt, declared he talked on June 27 to officers of the Frederick VIII. of the same line when the ships were 500 miles apart at sea.

Every dollar spent in your home town is a boost for the community.

Yet another field of service has been found for the aeroplane and one that has never been essayed with marked success. Recent experiments in Ohio have shown it to be possible for caterpillars and other pests that wreak havoc in orchards and forests to be exterminated by a bombardment with chemicals from the air. After a six-acre calypso grove near Dayton had been stripped bare of leaves by caterpillars in two successive seasons and signs of a third year devastation had become apparent, some imaginative member of the Ohio Department of Agriculture conceived the idea of destroying the pests by means of a poisonous substance released from the air. The assistance of the United States army air service was enlisted and it detailed Lieutenant John MacGregor, holder of the world record for high altitude, to carry out the scheme. Flying low and carrying a staff charged with 600 pounds of arsenate of lead, the aviator maneuvered his craft along the windward side of it was just a case of calling in the doctor after it was too late to save the patient. The trees had been so weakened by the three successive caterpillar assaults that they died of exhaustion. It is the belief of the foresters that earlier use of the poison would have saved the entire grove. Faith in this airplane treatment was, in fact, so firmly established that it is to be applied to another calypso plantation near Troy, Ohio.

The United States Department of Agriculture has now become interested in this method of fighting forest pests. Experiments in treatment of trees by airplane operators are to be made. Captain Robert E. Kinlock has been ordered to operate in New England. From a base at Concord, New Hampshire, he will fly over forests of Gunstock Mountain in Belknap County. In this experiment poison gas, instead of lead arsenate, will be used. Bombs containing a recently evolved gas, harmless to human beings and to vegetation but deadly to tree pests, will be dropped over a wide area until the forests are thoroughly saturated with it. Continued results in this case with those obtained in Ohio will be made and the relative merits of the two treatments will be established.

The ravages of insects in orchards and in forests have been so alarming in recent years that the results of these experiments will be awaited with keen interest. If successful, the treatment will open a new field for airplane activity that may be of incalculable value.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

### Typically Turkish

Massacres Have Been Power of Ottomans For Centuries

This frightful appeal has been published in a Turkish paper representing the Nationalists of Mustafa Kemal: "And you followers of Mohammed, every time you kill a Christian, you are pulling down one of the cornerstones of the British empire. Therefore, for God's sake massacre, for the love of your country, massacre, in the name of crying humanity massacre, for the salvation of the world massacre!"

That has been the spirit on which the power of the Ottoman Turks has reared for five centuries. Originally a mere band of freebooters, they never became a nation in the true sense of the word. Their conception of government always has been that of a conquering horde, which wins by arms the right to live upon subject people and maintains itself by unyielding terrorism. There can be no hope of either peace or civilization in the Near East until any compromise which leaves them free to carry out that idea.—From the Buffalo Express.

Algeria has a river that literally is filled with ink, being formed by the union of streams, one of which is impregnated with gallie acid and the other with iron.

Lord Kelvin, the famous physicist, entered the university at the age of eleven, and was a professor of natural philosophy at the age of 23.

An elephant is possessed of such a delicate sense of smell that it can scent a human being at a distance of 1,000 yards.

The framework of a ship resembles the skeleton of a herring.



J. B. Risk has secured a house on Fifth Avenue, and will be moving his family up from Lethbridge in the course of another week.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Belecky and W. J. Bartlett motored to Lethbridge on Tuesday, returning next day.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Ferguson are rejoicing over the advent on Saturday morning last of a bouncing baby boy. Congratulations, old chap!

The C.P.R. agent at Warner has disappeared with funds of the company amounting to about one thousand dollars.

### Travel to the National Parks

This season's travel to the Canadian National Parks seems likely to be one of the heaviest in their history. Reservations in many of the hotels have been booked months in advance and the chief resorts are now full of foreign and Canadian visitors. The Jasper Park Lodge, the new bungalow hotel which was opened for the first time on June 15, at Jasper, will make it possible for many more tourists to find accommodation in this great reservation along the Canadian National Railways and a noticeable increase both here and at Banff in the number of people who come to spend the entire summer and go out along the trails to the beautiful but little known portions of the Parks is observed.

The total number of visitors to the Canadian National Parks during the first season was approximately 180,000, about 60,000 of whom came from outside countries. It is estimated that this travel represents approximately \$18,000,000 foreign money brought into the country, for which Canada sent out practically nothing in return. The total expenditures on the National Parks during the past 25 years have been a little over \$6,000,000, or about one-third the value of the foreign travel they attracted last year.

A. Morency has secured the contract of extending the water main approximately twenty-one hundred feet in West Blaimore, from the West Canadian Collieries.

The local Rebekahs are holding a whist drive in the I.O.O.F. hall tonight.

Hon. W. R. Motherwell paid a visit to Lethbridge on Wednesday of this week.

### CANADIAN RED CROSS

Not the least part of the service rendered to the community by the Alberta Division of the Canadian Red Cross Society is that undertaken in conjunction with the Disposal Committee of the Russian Famine Relief. By means of this service parcels of food and clothing may be made up in any part of the province and can be sent free of duty and distributed to relatives and friends in Russia through neutral agencies. The Red Cross Provincial headquarters receive the parcels and mail them to England, the only charge being that of H. M. mail service between Canada and England.

This service is proving of great benefit to the foreign-born, and large numbers avail themselves of this assistance.

"The Road to Health" is the title of the window display at the Red Cross Provincial office this week demonstrating what are the daily needs of the growing child.

The first need of the child is to have healthy and intelligent parents, the model of the mother shows her engaged in the household art of cookery and laundry. The father is shown taking care of the little one in the open air. The Road to Health is via the daily morning bath. Illustrated pamphlets are shown giving the novice valuable hints on management. Seated at a round table are models of the boys and girls at meal-time, with the right kind of foods that make for growth. Stress is laid on the value of good pure milk in the building up of the framework of the body. "No milk—no baby; no baby—no nation" says one of the best authorities on children out of the fulness of knowledge and experience with well babies, sick babies, fat and thin babies, laughing and crying babies.

A clean bill of health for the whole family will result from a well balanced diet of cereals, fruit, vegetables, bread made of whole wheat, and but very little meat.

The child's road to health leads by the pleasant paths of out-door play illustrated by models of swings, may-poles, see-saws, swimming pool, sand-piles, and all the delights of the open air in the summer time. The main lesson for the young mother is that her child's health is matter for intelligent care and knowledge of the best way of sleep in abundance, fresh air all the time, loose comfortable and sensible garments and a sufficiency of wholesome food.

The children's hour should be an institution in every home, the value of the bed-time story, the lullaby, for the child must hear good music in his own home, all these simple forms will make the child grow up not only a healthy but a happy youngster.

The older child's needs are these and more. School conditions are of the most vital importance, bright, well-ventilated class-rooms with the light properly arranged to avoid eyestrain. Correct sitting posture at study times is shown by a little model desk with the student studying at the right position.

Children brought up along these lines will grow and attain to a vigorous and beautiful manhood and womanhood.

The first competition played on the Lundbreck golf links on Saturday last was, in every way, a great success. The course and greens were in excellent shape, the entry a large one and the afternoon's sport under the pleasant weather conditions was enjoyed by all present. The ladies' competition was won by Mrs. J. T. Leigh, of Cowley, Mrs. Ed Grove taking second prize. In the men's open competition, Mr. B. O. Morrow secured first prize and Mr. Ed. Grove second. The lady members of the home club provided lunch at the "spring," near the picturesque sixth hole, and, needless to say, that end of the programme was well looked after.

### THOMPSON MEMORIAL OPENING CELEBRATION

—at—  
**LAKE WINDERMERE  
BUNGALOW CAMP**  
August 30th and 31st, 1922

For particulars of fares and special sleepers from Calgary, August 29th, apply

G. A. PASSMORE

Ticket Agent

Blaimore

### RELIANCE SCHOOL INK

¶ The cheapest and most satisfactory way to buy ink for school use is in gallon jugs, or in kegs. Kegs are returnable at the price charged, while jugs may be refilled, ensuring against evaporation.

¶ This means a saving to the board.

The Enterprise can supply Reliance Ink in kegs, jugs, or bottles, any quantity at the best prices.

### Painting and Decorating

Full line of **Paint & Varnish** in Stock.  
Satisfactory Work Guaranteed. Prices Right.

— YOURS FOR A SQUARE DEAL EVERY TIME —

### G. K. SIRETT

PHONE 16c

—BELLEVUE, ALBERTA

### That Curious Device For Making Fire

It was only seventy-five years ago that a woman of the Middle West wrote to her cousin in New York:

"Last winter I was told of a curious new device for making fire. It consisted of small splinters of wood with tips of some substance that bursts into flame when rubbed on a rough surface. If you can procure some of them for me I shall be grateful."

Matches were in general use in Europe for years before they were seen in this country. There were no means for spreading the news rapidly.

Today, the new invention that contributes to comfort or convenience is quickly known the country over. The farmer's wife in the West is as well posted on these things as the city woman of the East.

Don't overlook the advertisements in these columns. They are heralds of progress, with real news for you and your family. They save your time, enlighten your work and enable you to obtain the utmost in value for the money you spend.

TIME GIVEN TO READING THE  
ADVERTISEMENTS IS WELL SPENT

### Crows' Nest Veterans' Orchestra

OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENTS  
DANCES—SOCIALS

Reasonable Terms

Phone 76-D

—Composed of—

G. W. Goodwin, 13th Mounted, Cornet  
William Goodwin, 13th Mounted, Saxophone  
Fred Beale, 3rd Mounted, Drums  
Luther Goodwin, 13th Mounted, Trombone  
Joseph F. Royle, Violin  
Ed. Royle, 82nd Battalion, Piano  
—If not the whole, state number required—

# Studebaker

"Built-in-Canada"

These excerpts from letters written by Canadian owners are merely repetitions of what any Special-Six owner will tell you about the reliability of his car:

"I am more than pleased . . . I never think on high." — Belleville, Ont.

"I drove your Special-Six 1921 model last year. This season I turned it in for a new one. . . I certainly would not be driving another Studebaker if I did not consider them up to the mark in every respect." — Orillia, Ont.

"This is the third Studebaker I have had - every one has given me good service. I have driven cars for 14 years. Studebaker Special-Six Coupe. It is quick on the start and good on the long run." — Sherbrooke, Que.

After all, the acid test of a car's dependability lies in the verdict of the user. You cannot find a better guide to your purchase than the testimony of a Special-Six owner.

### MODELS AND PRICES—f. o. b. Walkerville, Ontario

LIGHT-SIX		SPECIAL-SIX		BIG-SIX	
5-Pass., 112" W.B., 40 H.P.		5-Pass., 119" W.B., 50 H.P.		7-Pass., 126" W.B., 60 H.P.	
Chassis	\$1250	Chassis	\$1700	Chassis	\$2175
Touring	1495	Touring	2025	Touring	2475
Roadster (2-Pass.)	1495	Roadster (2-Pass.)	2025	Speedster (4-Pass.)	2750
Coupe-Roadster (2-Pass.)	1925	Roadster (4-Pass.)	2075	Coupe (4-Pass.)	3500
Sedan	2475	Coupe (4-Pass.)	3050	Sedan	3700

Cord Tire Standard Equipment

### CROWS' NEST PASS MOTORS

Agents and Distributors Crows' Nest Pass District, Blaimore

THIS IS A STUDEBAKER YEAR





### The Short Work Day

Many things which are fine in theory, and in support of which seemingly incontrovertible arguments can be advanced, do not come up to expectations nor prove a success, when the acid test of actual experience is applied. All right in theory, they are failures in practice.

Since the war, and in the temporary period which has been one of the aftermaths of the great struggle, quite a number of ideas over which people theorized have been given a trial. Russia has gone the limit in socialistic experiments, confiscating property, placing a ban on capital, and generally attempting to run the country on plans never before attempted, but which had for years been lauded and advocated by persons the world over. The result—Russia is in a state of anarchy, and the nation is suffering by the hundreds of thousands, her lands untitled to a great extent, and her great industries idle and useless.

In other countries, including Great Britain, United States, Canada and Germany, the experiment of greatly reducing the daily number of hours of work is being tried out with, as yet, no appreciable results of a beneficial character resulting to the workers, while the effect on industry and commerce generally, and on the living costs of all people has been disastrous.

Germany probably reveals the best example of the results of this experiment. Under the old autocratic form of monarchical government, the workers of Germany had to work long hours. Following the revolution and the abdication of the Kaiser, a Workers' Government came into power. Hours of labor were greatly reduced, the old nine and ten-hour days being replaced by an enforced eight-hour day for all occupations, and to seven and six hours for certain arduous occupations. The experiment has not been a success, and, although Germany still has a Workers' Government, it is now proposed to add one or two hours to the workday. This policy is not one being forced on the workers; it is the labor leaders themselves who see the necessity for the longer workday.

The theory back of the much shortened workday is that the free time thus provided for the worker is to go into the family life, recreation, study—in short, to enable the workman and his family to cultivate qualities valuable to the family, society and the coming generation, to improve health and generally enable the worker to devote more attention to his home and self-improvement. Germany, however, is testifying by experience that shortening of the workday below a certain figure develops into a problem of disposition of the free time.

It is pointed out by a writer in The Saturday Evening Post that when a twelve-hour workday is shortened to ten hours the disposition of the two hours does not constitute a problem, but when this free time is extended from two hours to four or five hours a day a civic and economic problem arises. It has been found that this free time is devoted to a marked extent to one form or another of waste. The waste, it is pointed out, is often economic, in that the free time is devoted to trivialities that reduce the family income for necessities. In a word, the fact is that the free time has, with many, not been devoted to social, cultural, or economic ends, nor even to recreation, but has been worse than wasted, resulting not in an improvement of the condition and health of the worker, but in all-round loss to him and his family.

German labor leaders are awakening to the fact that their old theory that with a shorter workday, the output per hour would be increased is not working out in actual practice; that the physical condition and morale of the worker has not improved; and that the only way to increase production and thereby enable Germany to pay her debts and rehabilitate her industries, is to increase the workday. They realize that the present salvation and future hope of Germany depend upon increased production, and that this can only be achieved by longer hours of labor.

Germany does not stand alone in the need for increased production. The whole world suffers from the same need, and particularly industrially developed nations like Great Britain, the United States and Canada. If the shorter workday had resulted in the physical and intellectual improvement of the worker and his family, then the gain would have offset the loss in production, but when there is no gain in that direction, but only loss to add to loss, it is becoming increasingly evident that the extreme short workday is a mistake economically, both for the nation and the individual.

#### No Family Quarrels

Great Britain needs Canada, as Canada needs Great Britain, and in their hearts the people of both countries know it. Only by standing and pulling together can the various members of the Commonwealth of British nations fulfil their great destiny of helping, as no other band of nations can, to bring about the unity and peace of the world.—London Times.

#### Poison in Mushroom Cap

Animals usually know what is good for them and squirrels will consume the stalks of poisonous mushrooms without any apparent ill-effects. The cap of the plant is left. This suggests that the poison may be contained in the rejected portion, the escape of the feeding squirrels not being due to any special immunity. But the subject requires careful investigation.

#### French Deserter Was Foghorny

Arrested on Swiss Frontier After Defying Police for Years

A wealthy Frenchman, F. Bertrand, described as a deserter, has been arrested at Geneva at a moment when he had practically one foot on either side of the Swiss and French frontier. He is a case that baffles the border. The case is in the village of Saint Julien on the international boundary. Part of the building is in Switzerland and part in France. Early in the war Bertrand settled in Geneva, where his accusers allege he made a large fortune trading with Germany. He bought a villa and several automobiles, and led a life of pleasure. He said he was more French than German, and took pleasure in speaking against France, particularly in the cafe at Saint Julien where, safe on Swiss territory, he could be overheard and even seen by the French police in the rooms on the French side.

Thus the French listened to his annoying talk, but, unable to catch him on the French side, they could not arrest him. Bertrand boasted that when there was no police about he would enter France and return without a passport.

Bertrand, after dining well, crossed the border by going from the room on the Swiss side to greet some friends. At the instant he passed the line into France he was pounced upon by two French gendarmes. He put up a fight, but was quickly subdued, handcuffed and carried away.

#### Strained Muscles, Sprains, Can Be Treated Quickly

In minor sprains, the muscle is strained a little and all that is needed is a vigorous rubbing with Vaseline. This draws the extra blood away—and permits the muscle to return to its normal condition. The suppurative Vaseline is striking to its penetrating power. It strikes deeply, that is why it removes deep-seated pains, and fixes up folks that have Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuralgia, and Sciatica. There is about five times the pain destroying power in Vaseline than you find in the average liniment. Sold everywhere, 35c per bottle.

#### British Firms for Canada

The campaign of Canada's Trade and Commerce Department to attract British branch factories to the Dominion is now being brought to a close. The get results are that representatives of four important British firms are actually in Canada for the purpose of locating sites, while fifteen other companies have the matter under consideration. Of these latter nine or ten are expected to send men to look over the ground in the course of the next year.

#### GUARD BABY'S HEALTH IN THE SUMMER

The summer months are the most dangerous to children. The complaints of that season, which are cholera infantum, colic, diarrhoea and dysentery, come on so quickly that often a little one is beyond aid before the mother realizes she is ill. The mother must be on her guard to prevent these troubles, or if they do come on suddenly to banish them. No other medicine is of such aid to mothers during hot weather as is Baby's Own Tablets. They regulate the stomach and bowels and are absolutely safe. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

#### Speed of Fingers Differs

Right Hand Quicker and More Accurate Than Left  
The fingers of your right hand are quicker and more accurate than your left, says the Popular Science Monthly.

The ring finger on your left hand shows a burst of speed whenever it can work with the forefingers of your right hand; and it slows down noticeably when it must team with the middle finger of your left hand.

Two fingers working together are faster than one doing it alone. And a combination of two fingers on opposite hands is faster than two fingers on the same hand.

Practice, while it increases the speed of all fingers, tends to increase the rate of the slow ones more than the fast ones, thus overcoming the handicap of that one that lags naturally.

Figures on the birth-rate in sixteen of the French Departments for the first quarter of the year show that the deaths exceed the births.

Mlle. Jeanne Lamar, Franco's champion boxer, stopped her male opponent in a three-round bout held in Reading, Pa., recently.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

W. N. J. 1458

#### Suffered So Her Hair Turned Gray

Husband of Winnipeg Woman Tells About Her Terrible Experience

"I never would have believed any medicine could bring about such a change as Tanlac has done in my wife," said Harry Gray, of 128 Bryce St., Winnipeg, Manitoba.

"For many years she suffered from stomach trouble and bilious attacks which, of late, were so violent that she had to go to bed for two or three days at a time. She got to be very thin and as weak as a child. She had such terrible headaches and suffered so dreadfully that though still a young woman, her hair turned gray. But the way Tanlac helped her is remarkable. She has gained fifteen pounds and is the picture of health. Tanlac is the finest medicine in the world."

Tanlac is sold by all good druggists.

#### Activity in Building

Recent Returns Indicate Heavy Increase Over Last Year

Building operations in Canada are showing large expansion this year, according to the reports received from fifty-six cities by the Federal Labor Department. The returns for the month of May just published indicate an increase of 26.2 per cent. over April and 35.4 per cent. over May of last year. The value of building authorized in these fifty-six cities during May was \$17,685,326, compared with \$14,083,170 for April and \$13,402,165 for May, 1921. The volume of building contemplated in all provinces except New Brunswick, Manitoba and British Columbia, showed considerable gains during May. Quebec province reported an increase of 51.3 per cent. from \$2,619,710 for April to \$3,965,593 for May; while Saskatchewan topped the list in percentage gains by registering an increase of 216 per cent. from \$308,955 for April to \$1,231,431 for May.

Of the larger centres, Montreal and Toronto registered increases in the value of permits issued as compared with both April, 1922, and May, 1921. Winnipeg and Vancouver showed declines from April, but gains over May of last year. Brandon, Moose Jay, Regina, Saskatoon, Calgary and Edmonton reported considerable expansion over April and over May of last year.

#### Killed By Blood Poison

Used an old razor for paring his ears. Foolish because 25c buys a bottle of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor which for fifty years has been removing corns and warts—without pain. No failure if you use Putnam's. Refuse a substitute, 35c everywhere.

#### To "Manufacture" Eggs

London's greatest industry will be Sterilized Egg, Limited, a company which has just been granted a provincial charter for \$100,000. It is headed by Dr. A. Roy Routledge and has secured the Canadian rights for manufacture of equipment which it is claimed will keep eggs fresh for two years.

#### The Wretch!

Conductor—"Pardon me, madam, but your girl seems more than twelve."

Her Mother—"Conductor! Would you take me to be the mother of a girl that age?"

Conductor—"Lady don't tell me you're her grandmother!"

"When you are hungry, keep still," says a doctor; "movement will only make your hunger grow."

#### Britain's Military Strength

Reduction to Ninety Thousand Being Condemned by Press

The proposal that Britain's army shall be reduced to a strength of ninety thousand of all ranks which is to be made when the mixed commission of the League of Nations presents its report to the Council of the League, in the near future, is being generally condemned by the British press, which thinks that the world-wide military commitments of Britain make it necessary for her to have an army at least as large as that of pre-war days.

The army is already below what some conservative critics regard as the minimum, but the agreement is warmly approved by Lord Escher, who is the author largely responsible for the scheme. The Sunday Express had a long and somewhat bitter article denouncing Lord Escher as an amiable but industrious nuisance, and it demands that he show his authority for juggling with the military strength of Britain.

#### DISTRESS IN THE THROAT CAUSED GREAT ANXIETY

Not an uncommon experience, was that of Mrs. H. S. Wilford, of Shutes, N.S.: "Many remedies failed, still appendicite was found in 'Cathartone.' I have been a most dreadful sufferer from bronchitis, the cold and catarrh. On damp days I would hawk and suffer great distress in my throat. I used all kinds of medicines but didn't get permanent relief. I used Cathartone. It strengthened my throat, stopped my cough, and mucus were well." Try Cathartone yourself—see what wonders it works on a bad throat, or cold, catarrh, bronchitis. Different from the old way, because you breathe Cathartone—get the doses out of the inhaler and inhale last two months. Small size 50c. Dealers, The Cathartone Co., Montreal.

#### Buried Culture of the Past

Discover a Shrine Antedating the Cliff Dwellings

Discovery of a shrine and other unique ceremonial objects used in the mysterious rites of a people believed to be older than the ancient cliff dwellers has been made by Dr. J. Walter Fewkes, chief of the bureau of American ethnology, in excavations near Fair View House in the Mesa Verde National Park, Colorado, according to information received by the Smithsonian institute at Washington. These finds are the result of the field work just begun and are expected to be followed by others which may throw more light and add much to the knowledge of the culture which is buried in the past.

The most striking result of the digging is a shrine on a raised dais on the floor of a large ceremonial chamber. On the shrine, idols, fetishes, prayer sticks, platter with corn, tobacco, etc., were found as well as twelve well preserved clay pipes unlike anything ever before found in these ruins. Two vases, one representing a duck, are also among the exceptional archaeological collections made. In a room barely five feet long, beautifully decorated pottery radiantly different in ornamentation from that of the cliff dwellers, was found and the indications are that this ruin belongs to an epoch older than that of the cliff dwellers.

#### Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

A Sure Sign  
Editor—Do you know how to run a newspaper?

Applicant—No, sir.  
Editor—Well, I'll give you a trial. I guess you've had experience.

#### CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Dr. H. H. H. H.



#### England Has Funeral Tax

Merely Revival of Old Law Modified In 1750

Among the new taxes with which England is burdened there is one on funerals.

This is, however, merely the revival of a tax that existed as early as in 1695. At that time every burial involved a fee to the state of \$2.

In 1750 this law was modified and the tax was based on the profession of the deceased.

To bury a workmanman had to be paid. The tariff exacted \$5 for a "gentleman" or his wife, \$25 for a doctor, of the \$150 for a duke, and \$400 for a bishop.—New York Tribune.

#### ECZEMA

You are not a permanent sufferer from eczema, if you use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They will cure you of eczema and skin irritations. It relieves at once and gradually heals the skin. Sample box free. Write for it. No money needed. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, 100 North 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo.

#### MONEY ORDERS

Dominion Express Money Orders are on sale in five thousand offices throughout Canada.

#### BELTING FOR SALE

New and used belting of every description and width in stock. Write for our new Rubber Belting, High grade quality, at the price. Also Belting Co., 115 York St., Toronto, Ont.

#### Keep Your Shoes Neat

#### 2IN1 Shoe Polishes



# ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all!



Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

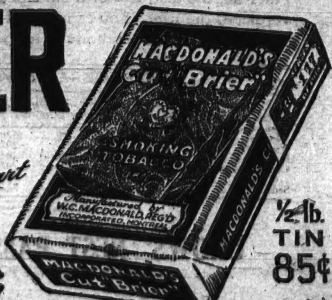
Colds Headache Rheumatism  
Toothache Neuralgia Neuritis  
Earache Lumbago Pain, Pain

Handle "Bayer" boxes of 10 tablets in Canada and 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada of Bayer Manufacture of Monopolized of Bayer's Tablets. While it is sold by other manufacturers, the Bayer Tablets are the only ones which bear the Bayer cross and the Bayer name.

# MACDONALD'S Brier

The Tobacco with a heart

PACKAGES 15c



1/2 lb. TIN 85c



# Great Britain Will Pay War Debts To United States In Full

London.—The debate in the House of Commons on inter-Alleied debts and German reparations which it had been expected would bring out further interesting facts respecting the recent note of the Earl of Balfour on the subject and Great Britain's future policy on the whole question of international relations, proved disappointing.

During the five hours of debate there was constant iteration of Great Britain's intention to repay her debt to the United States, but no pains were spared to make clearly apparent Great Britain's attitude in the war, her generous post-armistice attitude and her staggering burdens of taxation.

Sir Robert Horne, Chancellor of the Exchequer, said Great Britain had no intention of suggesting any alteration of her financial obligations to the United States, that the Government recognized to the full Great Britain's obligations to pay the debt "and we don't mean in any shape or form to evade that obligation."

Sir Robert pointed out that the British debt was greater than that of any other nation, amounting to £1,766,000,000, compared with £5, 147,000,000 for the United States and £6,540,000,000 for France. The British debt was £181 per head of the population, the French £162 and the United States £47. He showed, and in these circumstances it was impossible to make the British taxpayer alone shoulder the payment of the war debts.

"If only the nations which fought side by side in the war would be willing to regard their subscriptions to the war as contributions to the common success," he continued, "we might have been able to rid the world of many causes of irritation and plant in the heart of humanity a new and inspiring hope."

Mr. Asquith went mild approbation from one side of the House by declaring the Balfour note impolitic and inopportune, but said he hoped subsequent events would prove the contrary. Laughter greeted his statement that the United States knew Great Britain was dealing in paper promises when she emphasized the enormous expense of Europe's obligations.

Mr. Asquith expressed misgivings as to the wisdom of Lord Balfour's note and strongly advocated remitting the French and other Allied war debts to England as a national political and good business. He expressed the opinion that the United States debt ought to be kept quite distinct from European matters and deprecated any question that the United States was

under any obligation, moral or even sentimental, to waive its debts.

## May Spend Winter At Point Barrow

Amundsen Has Discharged Aviator Who Sailed With Him

Nome.—If Captain Roald Amundsen finds it necessary to postpone his trans-Polar flight, as foreshadowed in a message received here, he and Lieut. Oskar Omdal, who transferred from the exploration ship Maud to the schooner Holmes, will winter at Point Barrow. It is said here. Lieut. E. G. Pullerton, Canadian aviator, has been discharged from the service of Amundsen, which is taken here to confirm the report that Amundsen will not attempt before next summer to fly across the pole.

## Canada's Forest Fires

Three Thousand Have Occurred This Year, Says Report

Ottawa.—Three thousand forest fires have already occurred in Canada this year, according to a pamphlet issued by the Canadian Forestry Association. British Columbia had about 1,400 of these fires and with Central Quebec has passed through the worst fire experience of many years. Airplanes and seaplanes are being used to great advantage in reducing this forest loss and have done excellent work in fighting the British Columbia and Quebec bush fires, transporting fire fighting pumps within one hour where travel by land and water formerly took 15 hours to two days.

Infantile Paralysis at Hamilton

Hamilton.—Draught regulations have been decided on by the board of health to check the spread of infantile paralysis here. Three deaths have occurred and there is a rapid increase in the number of cases. The city playgrounds will close their gates indefinitely. It was said by the board of health that the disease is contracted from discharges from the mouth and nose and can be easily contracted in water.

Honor French Unknown Soldier

Paris.—Two hundred visiting school mistresses from Australia, Canada and New Zealand deposited a wreath on the tomb of the French unknown soldier.

## France Would Make Rhineland Independent

Parliament Presents Scheme of Penalties to Premier Poincaré

Paris.—Separation of the Rhineland from Germany, with its own parliament and government and a separate financial regime, supervised by the Allies, is a part of the scheme of penalties presented to Premier Poincaré as representative of opinion of the French Parliament and which he is known to have taken under consideration.

The scheme which would be put into effect upon the definite refusal of the German Government to fulfill the agreement for payment of private debts owing to French citizens, by Germany since before the war also involves expulsion of all the Prussian officials from the Rhineland, to be replaced by natives.

Other provisions include an extension in the power of the Allied Rhineland Commission and measures of economic pressure upon the principal German industries amenable to the action of the commission.

## Inventor of Telephone Dies

Premier King Sent Message of Sympathy to Mrs. Bell

Ottawa.—Right Honorable Mackenzie King, Premier of Canada, sent the following message to the widow of Dr. Alexander Graham Bell, the noted inventor, who died at his home in Nova Scotia.

"Mrs. Alexandra Graham Bell: "My colleagues in the Government join with me in expressing to you our sense of the world's loss in the death of your distinguished husband. It will ever be a source of pride to our country that the great invention with which his name is associated is a part of its history. On behalf of the citizens of Canada, may I extend to you an expression of our combined gratitude and sympathy."

(Signed) "W. L. Mackenzie King."

## Great West Bank To Quit Business

Sufficient Capital Not Subscribed to Secure Necessary Certificate

Winnipeg.—Announcement is made in an advertisement published here and signed by J. K. McInnis, of Regina, provisional president that the promoters of the Great West Bank of Canada have decided to wind up the affairs of the proposed bank and return money received from subscribers "less the reasonable expenses allowed by law." It is stated that sufficient capital was not subscribed to enable the promoters to secure from the treasury board the necessary certificate, which would allow them to commence business.

British Aviator Reaches Ambala

Ambala, India.—Major W. T. Blake, the British aviator who is attempting to circle the globe by aeroplane, arrived here Aug. 2, having flown from Lahore. The weather in Northern India is very unfavorable for flying owing to monsoons.

Greeks Will Avoid Allied Troops

Athens.—According to the newspapers, the Government has instructed the commander-in-chief of the Greek army in Asia Minor and Thrace to avoid all contact with the Allied troops.

These two find themselves unable to accept the task of managing the wheat board, it is understood that the Dominion Government will request Saskatchewan and Alberta to make other nominations.

The province of Manitoba has not yet taken action in regard to the wheat board, as the new government has not yet in the saddle. It is said here that provision will be made in the organization of the new board for the addition of directors to represent Manitoba, should that province desire to come in later.

Ottawa.—A hitch has developed in the appointments to the Wheat Board. The Dominion Government, which has been pursuing the course of inviting the western provinces interested in the matter to nominate whom they desire to compose the board, is now compelled to issue a second invitation, for Messrs. James Stewart and F. W. Riddell, who constituted the 1921 board, have notified the government that they cannot act on this year's body.

They expressed their gratitude for the confidence reposed in them, but added that they could not see their course clear to accept the positions. Mr. Stewart is on his way here from Winnipeg. The Provincial Government of Alberta and Saskatchewan have been advised of this development and have been asked for new nominations.

## WESTERN EDITORS



Ernest G. Pickup, Editor of The Chronicle, Shellbrook, Sask.

## Bottomley Expelled From Parliament

Vote Taken After Reading Letter From Former Editor

London.—Horatio Bottomley, former editor of John Bull, has been expelled from the House of Commons by a vote of the members. After the speaker had read a long letter from him that he was neither guilty nor conscious of fraud, and stating that he had been made "the victim of appalling errors of justice," the vote was taken.

Bottomley's letter said he was unable to leave the hospital and expressed deep sorrow at having brought a slur on the House, which he loved. Continuing, he wrote that if the truth were known he thought the House, in its generosity, would grant him, not only its forgiveness, but its sympathy.

The reading of the letter was heard in dead silence.

## Famous Racers Perish in Fire

Lightning Struck Stables at Connecticut Valley Stock Farm

Hatfield, Mass.—Three famous racing stallions were buried to death when the Connecticut Valley Stock Farm was struck by lightning and totally destroyed.

The stable was valued at \$50,000 and, in addition to this, about \$40,000 worth of race horses locked in were burned to death. It was impossible to check up on all the horses, as many of them ran wild after they had been liberated. Among those burned were Peter Vonnis, a 7-year-old stallion by Peter the Great, valued at \$15,000; the Earl of Chatham and Nelson Todd. Both of the latter were valued at \$5,000.

Denies Authorized Sale of Vodka

London.—The Russian trade delegation stated it had been authorized to say that the recent reports from Moscow to the effect that the Soviet Government was preparing to authorize the sale of vodka as a "pure invention."

Australia Approves Pacts

Melbourne.—The House of Representatives has ratified the treaty entered into at the recent Washington conference.

# Fuel Board Making Plans To Secure Supplies Of Coal

## Appoint Fuel Committee

Have Supervision Over Supply of Coal For Canada

Ottawa.—The Dominion Government has appointed a central advisory fuel committee to have general supervision over the supply of coal and other fuel throughout Canada. The committee consists of Hon. W. C. Kennedy, Minister of Railways; C. A. Magrath and Fred McCort, of Montreal.

Premier Drury, of Ontario, has been in conference with Premier King and Hon. Mr. Kennedy on the fuel situation. The Ontario Premier, it is understood, is arranging for co-operation between his Government and the central advisory fuel committee.

The function of this central committee is regarded in Government circles as being consultative and supervisory. It is desired by the Government that the initiative in the supply of coal and other fuel should be taken by the provinces and municipalities, and that the situation should be dealt with as far as possible through the ordinary channels of trade. If advice or information is desired by any of these other bodies, the federal committee will be ready to step in; but there is no wish to exercise any control or to supplant the ordinary methods of supply.

Northcliffe Critically Ill

London.—Prayers for the recovery of Lord Northcliffe are being offered daily in the church at Barnet, at the request of Lord Northcliffe's mother, who lives near the Little town in Hertfordshire.

The clergyman, in inviting the congregation to pray, said it was useless to disguise the fact that Lord Northcliffe was very dangerously ill.

Meets Claims of Shipping Board

London.—The Government announced in the House of Commons that an agreement had been entered into with the United States Shipping Board for the settlement of certain outstanding claims with the British Ministry of Shipping by the payment to the United States Board of \$12,000,000 including interest.

Give your local merchants a chance. Buy at home.

# Endeavor To Solve Delicate Problem Of International War Debts

London.—The British Government's note to Great Britain's allies in the Great War, reminding them that they owe Great Britain money and that she has a right to ask for payment, has thrown wide open the most delicate topic in international politics.

The discussion of the question of debts owed to Great Britain had been studiously avoided by all concerned, apparently with a view on the part of the creditor nation that the time for grasping that battle might most conveniently be indefinitely postponed.

The most cheerful view of the effect of the Earl of Balfour's note was that it will afford an understanding all round discussed of what are the policies and intentions of the government concerned. It is considered that, next to repudiation, or an equivalent plea of inability to pay, uncertainty is probably the worst damage which Europe and the world of business could continue to suffer.

Within a few days after this week's conference between Premier Lloyd George and Poincaré—the policies of both Great Britain and France should be made clear. The French position in one vital respect already is plain—that all European post-war indebtedness is linked together, and that any solution of the situation must depend upon what Germany may be willing or forced to do.

It is understood from the Paris correspondents of the London newspapers that France considers that any concessions to Germany in the matter of reparations and in help by a foreign loan should be balanced by similar concessions to France. Now, the paper opinion is divided on the point whether Mr. Lloyd George's conference with M. Poincaré will now be confined to a plan for dealing with Germany, or whether Lord Balfour's note will not force consideration of the wider field of interrelated debts.

Ottawa.—We are attending to it; that is all," was the reply made by Hon. W. C. Kennedy, Minister of Railways and Chairman of the Central Fuel Advisory Committee, when asked whether the Government had any further statement to make as to its policy regarding the fuel situation.

The committee was in session and steps were taken towards carrying out the desire of the Dominion Government to assist provinces and municipalities in securing supplies of coal through the regular channels.

The conference was attended, it is understood, in addition to C. A. Magrath and Fred McCort, the other members, by M. M. Mahoney, Canadian Agent in Washington. Mr. Mahoney brought information in regard to developments at the United States capital and their bearing on the problem of importing Pennsylvania anthracite for Canadian domestic use.

It is the desire of the Dominion Government, as already intimated, that the initiative in the supply of coal should be taken by the local authorities in each municipality, and that full use should be made of the ordinary channels of trade. The Central Fuel Advisory Committee will keep in close touch with all phases of the problem, and will be ready to advise and assist provinces and municipalities as the need may arise. The Central Fuel Committee is putting itself into touch with the various provincial governments and it is suggested that municipal authorities desiring assistance should put themselves in touch, in the first place, with the provincial administrations.

China Wants Permanent Constitution

Peking.—Parliament and President Li Yuan-Hung are in complete agreement over the adoption of a permanent constitution for China similar to that of the United States, the cabinet announced. The right of each province to make laws is being recognized. This, it is believed, will comply with the demands of the southern provinces for provincial autonomy.

League Council Meets August 30

Paris.—The next meeting of the Council of the League of Nations has been definitely fixed for August 30 to Sept. 4, which will be announced today. The sessions will be presided over by Dr. Quinones de Leon, of Spain.

# Appointing Officials For Operation Of The New Wheat Board

Ottawa.—James Stewart and F. W. Riddell, who were the most executive officers on the Canada Wheat Board in 1919, have been asked to take the office of chairman and vice-chairman on the new board which is being established under the legislation passed by the Dominion Parliament and by the Legislatures of Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The selection of Messrs. Stewart and Riddell was made by the Governments of Alberta and Saskatchewan, and the nomination was accepted by the Dominion Government. If these two men accept the task, their appointments will be made at once and they will be asked to come to Ottawa to make arrangements for the organization of the board.

The Dominion Government, it is

said, feels that as the western provinces have the financial responsibility under the law, they should have the choice of the men to take charge. The appointment of the other officials will be postponed pending the receipt of an answer from Messrs. Stewart and Riddell, and their advice will be sought on that matter.

If these two find themselves unable to accept the task of managing the wheat board, it is understood that the Dominion Government will request Saskatchewan and Alberta to make other nominations.

The province of Manitoba has not yet taken action in regard to the wheat board, as the new government has not yet in the saddle. It is said here that provision will be made in the organization of the new board for the addition of directors to represent Manitoba, should that province desire to come in later.

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They expressed their gratitude for the confidence reposed in them, but added that they could not see their course clear to accept the positions. Mr. Stewart is on his way here from Winnipeg. The Provincial Government of Alberta and Saskatchewan have been advised of this development and have been asked for new nominations.

**Proven Value**

When you take **PREUNA** for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Stomachic, Nervousness, or a general run-down condition of the system, you are doing what thousands of people have done and found it to be the most reliable remedy for the most common and blood-purifying.

It has proved its value in the treatment of the most common and blood-purifying. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for the most common and blood-purifying.

**PREUNA COMPANY**  
214 S. Paul St., Montreal



THE REAL MAKERS OF CANADA



## Local and General Items

For General—Business phone 212, Crown's Nest Press Undertaking Co.

Mrs. K. K. Goode was down from Crown's Nest on Wednesday.  
**FOR RENT**—Six-roomed house with bath and outhouses. Apply to The Enterprise.

Western Canada will ship considerably more wheat to Japan this season than formerly.

W. A. Summers, of the Cunningham radio supplies, Lethbridge, was in town this week.

Mr. Reid, C. P. R. relieving agent, is spending a few days fishing in the vicinity of Miko.

Mr. McLeod, of the C.P.R., and Mr. Wilfrid Goddard, of the F. M. Thompson Co., are holidaying at coast point.

Dr. Curtis, of Stettler, has been appointed commissioner under the department of dependent and delinquent children.

Wheat cutting has commenced at several points in the province and will become general in the next two weeks.

**FOR SALE**—Fifty boxes "303" Shells, 20 in box. Now selling at \$1.50 box, or \$30.00 takes the lot. Apply to M. Joyce, Blairmore.

The rain showers of Wednesday evening seems to have allayed the B. C. fire somewhat and the smoke has cleared away considerably.

Various authorities in the Lethbridge district estimate that the production of all grains in Southern Alberta will total thirty-four million bushels this fall.

Prairie chicken and Hungarian partridge are this year very plentiful and in excellent condition. Passengers by train or auto see them in great flocks.

A. T. Leather, of Macleod, with a party of friends, motored west to Elk today, where they will spend a few days whipping the streams in that neighborhood.

A meeting of the creditors of the estate of K. A. Saad, whose store at Bellevue was recently gutted by fire, will be held at the office of J. C. Hendry, solicitor, Lethbridge, at 3:30 p. m. on Thursday next. Mr. Hendry is solicitor for Mr. Saad.

Commissioner Bryan, of the provincial police, following a trip of inspection, reports that the liquor law is being rigidly enforced in the province by the provincial force, and that, generally speaking, the work of the force is proceeding efficiently. J. D. Nicholson, for some time inspector of the detective branch of the force, has been promoted to be assistant superintendent.

The boys who have been attending camp at Leo Lake all arrived home on Monday, including Mr. Putnam. They had a joyful and profitable week in camp and wound up with devotional exercises on Sunday last. The camps are this week occupied by the girls who are having the time of their lives. The boys and girls are more than grateful to Mrs. J. L. Parker, through whose hospitality they have been privileged with excellent camping grounds.

Joseph Robertson phoned up a few hours ago to say that he has sufficiently recovered to be about again and that the boy is a fine bouncing chap. We forgot last week to congratulate Joe, so here goes!

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Sartoris and baby left by Monday night's express for Montreal, enroute to France and Italy, via New York. They expect to be away the greater part of a year.

Jack Bissard spent a few days at Kimberly, B. C., this week.

The town council will meet in regular session on Monday night next.

Mrs. E. L. Johnson, of Medicine Hat, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Picard for a few days.

In Japan the population of Tokyo and its suburbs increase at the rate of 150,000 a year.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bond are spending a vacation with the former's parents on State Street.

For the first time in history, an auto last week made the trip between Revelstoke and Vernon.

Henry Zak, of the Union Meat Market, has with his family been enjoying a holiday in Lethbridge.

It's alright to hitch your wagon to a star, but not a movie star. They don't stay hitched long enough.

Inspector and Mrs. Junget, of Lethbridge, were guests of Mr. Mrs. Raoul Green on Tuesday this week.

We never had a desire to take up golfing till we were shown some of the attractions of the Daisy Creek Golf Club.

A man who is always well satisfied with himself is seldom so with others and others are as little pleased with him.

The first degree was conferred on two candidates at the regular meeting of the local I. O. O. F. lodge on Tuesday night last.

Joe McDougall of the Home Bank staff left last Saturday for the coast, where he will spend a few weeks vacation.

Canada has German property worth twenty million dollars taken from Germans in Canada at the time of the war.

Mrs. Frank A. Beebe arrived here last week end, and with her husband is guest of the latter's father, Capt. W. A. Beebe.

Word has been received from Mayor McLeod, who is resting up in Vancouver, stating that he is feeling somewhat improved.

An immense production of apples is expected this season in the United States, exceeding last season's yield by about ten million barrels.

By a good round majority, Jubilee Local at Sydney Mines turned down the August 15th strike resolution passed at Glace Bay.

For the first time in about twenty years, Newfoundland will this season be more than self supporting in vegetables and will have potatoes for export.

At Fernie the merchants are talking of assessing themselves pro rata, in order to put on a street sprinkler and abate the intolerable dust nuisance.

Boosters for the Ringland Bros. and Barnum-Bailey circus were in town on Tuesday. The circus appears at Lethbridge on August 16th.

Joseph Brehler, a Pass old-timer, succeeds Leo Miles as a knight of the grip on this territory and assumed his new duties this week.

J. B. Risk returned Monday from a visit to coast cities. We understand that Mr. Risk contemplates opening up in business here in the near future.

Miss Hazel M. Brown, conservatory graduate, will re-open her class in piano instruction in Blairmore on September 11th, and will take a limited number of pupils. For particulars and reservations call at 49 State Street, Saturday, August 18th.

## ECONOMICS NEEDED IN COAL-MINING

In a thoughtful article contained in the Financial Section of the Toronto Saturday Night last week on the fuel problem in Canada, Mr. L. Simpson, the author of the same, throws out the suggestion that coal is not only being rapidly replaced by hydro-electric power and fuel oil, but that the general market for coal may, unless both mine owners and miners watch their steps, be put for a large part, permanently out of business. "It must not be forgotten," he says, "that there is a selling price for all commodities, which, when reached, inevitably curtails consumption."

Substitutes for coal are unquestionably gaining in popularity in a most astonishing manner. Where hydro-electric power can be had at all cheaply, coal is being gradually displaced. For instance, in the heating of water for domestic purposes, and perchance later on this service may be still further extended. Fuel oil is gaining ground so rapidly that the miner of steam coal can well look with anxiety to the future. Millions of gallons of fuel oil are now being burned yearly on ocean going vessels and in industry, where a few years ago it was indeed a novelty. Heating with fuel oil is also gaining ground rapidly and the installations of plants both large and small, is now a matter of every day practice. With all there is the double advantage of cleanliness and easy control, to say nothing of the elimination of the smoke nuisance and the greater efficiency of oil as compared with coal.

There is a lot the matter with the coal business aside from the high wages and high freight rates. On the average it is costing too much to produce coal on this continent. Too many miners have been employed, and in consequence work has been infrequent. It has been a case of spreading the work too thin. Then, again, mines which long ago should have been closed down owing to excessive cost of production worked along blindly. It is said that in the United States that no less than three thousand bituminous mines should be closed down permanently and 150,000 miners discharged to seek other and more remunerative employment. If this is done the remaining miners will have an opportunity of being steadily employed at a fair wage in place of being partially employed at a high wage and coal will in consequence be produced at a lower price. The fly in the ointment in respect to steady production in the bituminous fields is a matter of a steady market or storage. Unfortunately soft or bituminous coal cannot be stored in the open. It must be protected from the weather, otherwise it wastes away and in time becomes practically useless. As it works out under the present system the mines work half steam ahead so long as there is a ready market, but when this fails, as it does at certain seasons, the mines are either partially, or entirely shut down. Storage plants would remedy this, just as grain storage plants take care of the surplus wheat until the market is ready to receive it. Surely if it pays to erect enormously expensive grain storage plants and elevators, it should be part of our economic life to see to it that our coal is equally well treated, for our coal bills are much more important to us than our bread bills, inasmuch as we spend vastly more money annually for fuel than we do for the wheat we use.

A Milwaukee Church has barred women who wear knickerbockers. Is that a slap at the knee plus ultra? Nine million Russians are now kept alive on American money. And if the Soviet government had its way there would be no people left on earth with enough money to give anything. Lord Biddell says that it is an impossible thing to define time. Not so. Time is what you lose while waiting for your wife. Cowley baseball team played at Bellevue on Tuesday evening, losing by a score of 5 to 4.

## MURDERERS OF SIR H. WILSON ARE EXECUTED

Joseph O'Sullivan and Reginald Dunn were hanged this morning at Wandsworth prison for the assassination of Field Marshal Sir Henry Wilson on June 22.

A crowd of about 50 Irishmen and women assembled outside the jail at seven o'clock, an hour before the execution. They sang hymns and prayed for the souls of the condemned men.

Both men submitted quietly to being pinioned. They were escorted simultaneously from their cells to the scaffold, where as they met they smiled encouragingly at each other. Both men met death unflinchingly.

The mourners outside included the sisters of Dunn and O'Sullivan. The laymen who led the prayers announced that masses for the repose of the two men's souls were being said in various churches throughout London.

O'Sullivan and Dunn were captured red-handed by the police after shooting down Field Marshal Wilson as he was alighting from an auto at the door of his home in Eaton Place, London.

When arrested the assassins gave fictitious names, but their identities were established by Scotland Yard which showed them to be former soldiers and Dunn a member of the Irish Republican army. The crime was ascribed to feeling against the field marshal following the announcement that he had become military adviser to the Ulster government.

Their trial was speedy, the sentence of death being pronounced twenty-six days after the assassination and the jury requiring only three minutes to reach a verdict. This constituted a record in the dispatch of a criminal case in England. Subsequently the court of criminal appeal and the house of lords refused to consider appeals and yesterday a reprieve was denied by Home Secretary Shortt.

## BELLEVUE WINS COOPER CUP

Bellevue and Hillcrest teams met at Bellevue on Saturday in the replay of the final for the Cooper Cup. The game was one of the most one-sided seen in years and resulted in a score of five to none. The game was refereed by Robert Tarrant, of Lethbridge.

Register your name in favor of the formation of a board of trade in Blairmore. A meeting will be called sometime next week, when a strong organization will be launched.

The toll for the typhoon that swept the Swatow district in China on August 2nd, has amounted to 50,000 dead. Coffins are lacking to provide decent burial for many and the bodies are being interred in gunny sacks.

A late report says that the miners of District 18 will not accept the award of Knowles' Conciliation Board or depart from their offer of a 15 per cent reduction on the old agreement rates.

The British warship Raleigh, which has been cruising off the Labrador and Newfoundland coasts with Admiral Sir William Pakenham on board, is aground at Point Amour in the Straits of Belle Isle, having struck a rock last night. She will probably be a total wreck. All on board reached shore safely. The Calcutta, tender to the flagship, is standing by.

## An Explanation

A well-known wholesale merchant who has a wide patronage throughout the Piedmont region of the South, received the following letter from one of his customers a few weeks ago:—

"I receive your letter about what I owe you. Now be patient. I ain't forgot you & soon as folks pay me I'll pay you, but if this was judgment day and you no more prepared to meet your Maker than I am to meet your account then you sho going to hell." —Harper's Magazine.

## Pickling Vinegar

—FIFTY PER CENT OVER-PROOF VINEGAR—  
BROWN OR WHITE VINEGAR FOR PICKLING, PER GALLON \$1.95  
ALSO HEINTZ MALT OR WHITE VINEGAR IN BOTTLES AT EACH 35c and 60c  
TRIUMPH PEACHES FOR PRESERVING, case \$1.65

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—  
NEW CABBAGE, PER LB. 3c, 9 LBS. FOR 25c

## Scott's

Phone 222 Blairmore

## UNION MEAT MARKET

HENRY ZAN, Proprietor  
Just west of J. E. Gillis' Office, Blairmore

Fresh and Cured Meats, Fish, Poultry, Eggs, Home-Made Sausage, Etc.

Phone No. 224

## P. Burns & Company, Limited

Wholesale and Retail

Meat Packers and Provisioners

Blairmore Bellevue Hillcrest Coleman  
Phone 46 12A 61A 53

WE DELIVER AT YOUR DOOR  
ELIMINATING FREIGHT and  
CARTAGE CHARGES.

## The Blairmore Wholesale Co.

Tobacco, Confectionery and Grocery Specialties  
Phone 178 Blairmore

We beg to announce to the public that we have secured the agency for the

## Gray Dort Cars

and will be pleased to demonstrate one for you at any time.

**FOR SALE**—McLaughlin Light Six in first class condition and in good running order.

BARGAIN—\$450. cash

## Smallwood's Garage

BLAIRMORE

ALBANY